

HITACHI the best name in the world...

VIDEO & CAMERA
SOLE AGENT: H.A. ALESSA & SONS CO
HEAD OFFICE: RIYADH HOTLINE 4027684
JEDDAH BRANCH: 6534575
DAMMAM: 8425640
VT - 6500

VOL. VII NO. 127

Violence, bloodshed engulf Golan Heights

TEL AVIV, April 3 (AFP) — New violence and bloodshed were reported in the annexed Golan Heights Saturday as Israeli military authorities continued efforts to distribute Israeli civilian identity cards to Druze Arabs.

Israel maintained a military blockade around the four principal Druze villages and barred journalists from entering.

U.S. vetoes move flaying Israeli acts

UNITED NATIONS, April 3 (R) — The United States Friday night vetoed a Security Council resolution denouncing Israeli actions in the occupied territories and calling on Israel to rescind its dismissal of the mayors of three West Bank towns.

The vote on the resolution, sponsored by Jordan, was 13 to one with one abstention, by Zaire. It was the 30th veto by the United States in the 37-year history of the United Nations and the second within an hour.

The vote on the Jordanian resolution followed a week-long debate initiated by Arab states in response to the recent uprising in the West Bank and Gaza in which six Palestinians and an Israeli soldier were killed.

On development of forces

Pakistan rejects U.S. offer

ISLAMABAD, April 3 (AFP) — Pakistan has rejected a U.S. offer to deploy forces in Pakistan to guarantee its security in the face of the changed situation in the region. President Gen. Muhammad Zia ul-Haq said Saturday.

Addressing an opening session of the Federal Advisory Council, Gen. Zia said that during negotiations which led to the lifting of a ban on U.S. arms sales and economic aid to Pakistan, Washington inquired about Islamabad's security concerns following the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan.

He said that the Americans had "hinted at stationing their forces and sought storage facilities for arms and ammunition for emergency use". But the president, reiterating that Pakistan would never provide military bases to the United States, said his government had informed Washington it planned to boost its defense and needed only arms to guard its frontiers.

The two countries signed a \$3,000 million economic aid and arms purchase deal last year. A major part of the financing will come from Muslim countries, according to Pakistani sources. President Zia said that the question of deploying foreign forces would come "only after every Pakistani had sacrificed his life".

Referring to border violations by Afghan aircraft, Gen. Zia said that such incidents need not alarm the nation. The country's armed forces were very much alert and were keeping a constant watch on developments at the frontiers, he said.

He welcomed the forthcoming visit of Diego Cardoz as special U.N. envoy on Afghanistan, and hoped that his efforts would promote chances of finding a political

Israel has been trying to distribute identity cards to the Golan's Druze residents to integrate them into Israel in the wake of its Dec. 14 annexation of the occupied territory. The Druze have resisted, and Feb. 25 Israel barricaded the villages of Majdal Shams, Massadeh, Buqata and Ein Qunya, imposing effective martial law. The blockades were reinforced last Thursday.

Israeli authorities claimed more than 4,000 identity cards were distributed Saturday to Druze residents over 16 years of age. Then said demonstrations and confrontations Friday resulted in gunshot injuries to four Druze and six Israeli soldiers.

A solidarity committee spokesman said 30-man Israeli units went from house to house in the Golan Thursday and Friday, photographing Arabs and issuing new civilian cards to replace the old occupational military

(Continued on back page)

Decrees issued

RIYADH, April 3 (SPA) — King Khalid issued Saturday three royal Decrees, endorsing internal security accords with Qatar, Oman and the UAE which call for cooperation in internal security affairs and the extradition of criminals.

Prince Sultan returns from visit to Iraq

RIYADH, April 3 (SPA) — Defense Minister Prince Sultan returned here from Baghdad after a one-day visit during which he delivered a verbal message from King Khaled to President Saddam Hussein of Iraq.

On development of forces

Pakistan rejects U.S. offer

settlement of the crisis.

Turning to relations with India, the president retorted that New Delhi was not "conducting a policy of normalizing relations and promoting friendship between the two neighboring countries, but said he was confident that the current impasse would be overcome.

On domestic affairs, the president ruled out the possibility of early elections in the country. Maintaining that the "time was not ripe", Gen. Zia said that in the present atmosphere foreign countries might try to influence polling results. He said the present nominated council had been formed to fill the gap and to evolve a structure for the Islamic democracy in the country. The question, he said, was not restoring democracy but establishing it firmly in Pakistan.

New Zealand to swap meat for oil

MANAMA, April 3 (AP) — New Zealand's minister of foreign affairs and overseas trade said Saturday he has signed a trade, economic and technical agreement with Iraq while trying to firm up a lamb-for-old-barter accord with Iran.

Fresh from a 21-day whirlwind familiarization tour of world capitals, Warren Cooper said that New Zealand was trying to establish a long-term trade agreement with Iraq. His tour took him to Australia, the United States, six European Economic Community countries, Iraq and Bahrain. He has not visited Iran as yet.

"New Zealand is keen to develop trade relations with the countries of the Gulf region," Cooper told the Associated Press in

Opposition outlines plan on ruling Iran

PARIS, April 3 (AFP) — The Iranian National Council of Resistance (NCR) has published three documents on how Iran would be ruled during the first six months of transition if the resistance seized power, the NCR announced here Saturday.

Former Iranian President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr, representatives of organizations opposed to the current government in Iran, and other notable Iranians are members of the NCR.

The communiqué was signed by Massoud Rajavi, leader of the Islamic Left People's Mujahedeen organization and an NCR official. The NCR, founded in July, 1981, defines itself as "the organization leading the legitimate resistance of the Iranian people against Khomeini's regime."

Bani-Sadr would head the transitional government, which would be directed by Rajavi. Following transition, a constitutional assembly and national legislature would be elected and Bani-Sadr and Rajavi would resign. The assembly would then elect a government, the first document said.

The NCR would function as a legislature during the transition and supervise the provisional government, which would carry out "the program of the provisional government of the democratic Islamic republic", published last October, the second communiqué said. The provisional government's immediate tasks would be to free all political prisoners, protect families of the victims of the current regime, stop the Iran-Iraq war as well as fighting in Kurdistan and dissolve all organs of repression, according to the third document.

The third document said the provisional government would respect all liberties and individual rights and the equality of men and women.

Meanwhile, the feverish activity of war has subsided at Iran's 92nd "Chuzein" division barracks in grassy fields near here. The soldiers are at ease, talking in small groups in the shade. Iran's "fifth" offensive is over.

Less than two weeks after fighting began March 22 around the towns of Shush and Dezful, only sporadic gunfire breaks the calm. Iranian forces have pushed Iraqi troops almost to the border, according to Western analysts. The Iranians are now busy recuperating material abandoned by Iraqi forces.

An incessant swarm of trucks brings into Dezful a large number of intact Iraqi tanks, especially Soviet-made T-54 and T-55s and artillery pieces.

an interview, after a series of meetings with Bahrain's leadership. "There are many New Zealanders in Iraq, involved not only in agriculture but also in construction (projects)."

He gave no details, but New Zealand diplomatic sources said that New Zealand last year exported 20,000 tons of lamb meat to Iraq, worth about \$91 million. No oil was mentioned in the agreement with Iraq. These sources said.

However, Cooper said negotiations were underway for a lamb-for-oil agreement between New Zealand and Iran and that a New Zealand trade team arrived in Tehran earlier this week to finalize it.

War could cost 150 million lives

LONDON, April 3 (AFP) — A nuclear war in Europe would cause the death of 150 million people, according to participants in the Second Congress of International Physicians for the Prevention of Nuclear War.

Half the survivors, or close to 140 million people, would be injured to some extent, and all of the survivors would be condemned to die from hunger sooner or later, the physicists added. The congress is taking place at Cambridge and groups scientists and doctors from 35 countries. It is examining the medical, genetic and psychological consequences of nuclear war.

At the Congress' opening session, the president of the Soviet Academy of Medical Sciences, Nikolai Blockin, read a message from Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev with wishes of success for its proceedings. The meeting is to close Sunday evening.

Egyptian sculpture is 7,000 years old

CAIRO, April 3 (AFP) — A team of West German archaeologists working on the Nile delta last week uncovered a 7,000-year-old terracotta bust, the only Egyptian sculpture to be unearthed so far.

The sculpture, made when agriculture was first being introduced to ancient Egypt, was found at a site of prehistoric dwellings 50 kms northwest of Cairo, the archaeological sources said. The West German team also found items of lesser importance at the site including statues of ancient animals made of pottery.

arab news

SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

SUNDAY, APRIL 4, 1982 JAMAD AL-THANI 10, 1402 A.H.

ROLACO CEMENT

JEDDAH 6518028 RIYADH 4917239 DAMMAM 8323868 601800 SJ 4493

SIXTEEN PAGES — TWO RIVALS

To dislodge Argentines

U.K. rushes forces to Falklands

LONDON, April 3 (R) — Britain Saturday ordered a large naval task force to the Falkland Islands and froze Argentine assets in retaliation for Argentina's military invasion of the disputed colony in the South Atlantic.

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher told an emergency session of parliament that the British 15,000-ton aircraft carrier *Invincible* would set sail Monday to lead the task force. But she declined to say whether the fleet would be ordered to engage the Argentine forces which occupied the remote island chain Friday in what she called "unprovoked aggression".

Buckingham Palace said Queen Elizabeth's second son, 22-year-old Prince Andrew, had been recalled to duty as an anti-submarine helicopter pilot and would be

aboard the carrier. The task force will include another carrier, destroyers and frigates with marine commandos, vertical take-off and landing Sea Harriers and anti-submarine helicopters.

However, at least one of Britain's nuclear-powered submarines, generally believed to have slipped off last week for the South Atlantic, Mrs. Thatcher was frequently interrupted by jeers from the opposition Labor Party benches during her 24-minute speech.

Labor Party leader Michael Foot laid full blame for the invasion on Mrs. Thatcher's ruling Conservatives, declaring that the 1,800 Falkland Islanders had been betrayed "and the responsibility for the betrayal lies with the government."

Mrs. Thatcher, choosing words carefully,

told a tense House of Commons that "I cannot foretell what orders the task force will receive as they proceed. That will depend on the situation at the time." The prime minister, who was greeted with cries of "resign" from opposition benches when she rose to address the first weekend sitting of parliament since the 1956 Suez crisis, made clear she wanted to restore British rule over the Falklands by peaceful means.

British defense secretary fighting to be heard above shouts for his resignation, acknowledged that the occupation of the Falklands had made resolution of the dispute with Argentina over the archipelago all the more difficult. The military problems were formidable, he said, but certainly not insoluble.

The Defense Secretary John Nott said the government intended to solve the problem with continuing diplomacy "but if that fails — and it will probably do so — we have no choice but to press forward with our plans. Conservatives left the emergency debate grim-faced at the government's humiliation and went into private meetings.

One of them, rightwinger John Stokes, said: "In order to save the prime minister and the government I am afraid that certain heads must roll — including that of the Foreign Secretary (Lord Carrington) and, I very much regret to say, that of the defense secretary as well."

Political sources said the government was likely to come under pressure to change its defense policy of reducing the surface fleet through which Britain once ruled a global empire.

Conservative member of Parliament Nicholas Winterton told reporters: "It is apparent that both departments have been caught quite unprepared and resignation is the only honorable course to take."

Winterton, secretary of the Parliamentary Falkland Islands Committee, added: "What has happened is a disgrace to the British flag, and we must see to it that the islands are rescued from the danger of this totalitarian dictatorship."

Sources close to Prime Minister Thatcher said no cabinet resignations were in sight over the government's handling of the Falklands crisis. But her account of the events leading up to the Argentine attack and Britain's response failed to satisfy many Conservatives, parliamentary sources said.

Britain Friday broke off diplomatic relations with Argentina after the invasion and Mrs. Thatcher Saturday announced economic reprisals. She said the government was freezing Argentine assets in Britain and suspending export credits to Argentina.

The prime minister said an emergency order would block the movement of gold, securities and funds held in Britain by the Argentine government and Argentine investors. Mrs. Thatcher told members of parliament that there were no civilian casualties among the people of the Falklands during the Argentine takeover.

She made no mention of casualties among the 80-man British marines detachment in the capital Port Stanley, but clearly implied the marines put up resistance. Mrs. Thatcher said she had spoken by telephone to the ousted British governor, Rex Hunt, when he was flown to Uruguay by the Argentine occupation force and he reported that the marines were superb — they acted in the best tradition."

The Argentine press reported Saturday that the 1,800 civilian population of the Falkland (Malvinas) Islands had put up armed resistance to Friday's invasion by Argentine

(Continued on back page)

You'll never know until you try it.
The unique long lasting fresh flavour of STIMOROL lasts and lasts and lasts



DANDY

Bahrawi

Bahrawi

NATION WIDE BULK & BAGS
OPC & SRC
BSS & ASTM

FALCON CEMENT
DELIVERED FRESH DAILY FROM
5 STATIONS
JEDDAH JIZAN RIYADH YANBU
DAMMAM (02) 5439210 TLX 400709 SAFA S.

IFAD gets \$155.6m Saudi aid

ROME, April 3 (SPA) — Saudi Arabia has given the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) \$155.62 million in the largest contribution by a member state toward the \$1.1 billion requested to replenish IFAD, it was announced here Friday.

After a meeting chaired by IFAD President Sheikh Abdul Mohsen Al-Sudairi, a spokesman for the fund said that IFAD will extend loans totaling \$108 million to eight developing countries to help farmers increase their production and improve their revenues as a result. The beneficiaries are Indonesia, Turkey, Mozambique, Syria, the Dominican Republic, Madagascar, Costa Rica and Mauritania. Relevant agreements for the loan will be signed as soon as IFAD's resources have been replenished next month. France already gave IFAD \$49 million; Canada \$34.98 million; the OPEC Fund for International Development \$20 million; Belgium \$14.28 million; Finland \$6.15 million and Ireland \$1.17 million.

Yamani to visit Bonn

JEDDAH, April 3 — Sheikh Alimud Zaki Yamani petroleum and minerals minister will visit Bonn Monday at the invitation of the German Foreign Policies Federation. *Okaz* reported Saturday.

According to German sources, Yamani will give a lecture to federation members on energy in the eighties on the major role played by Saudi Arabia in this field. The federation has close links with the German foreign ministry.

To prepare for ministerial talks Gulf planning officials to meet

MANAMA, April 3 (SPA) — A two-day meeting of planning undersecretaries of the Gulf Cooperation Council member states begins here Sunday to discuss the agenda of the GCC planning ministers' two-day conference opening Tuesday, besides some papers submitted by member states and the GCC secretariat general.

The meeting comes under the ministerial council's resolution to call specialized committees to meet. In its first session in Abu Dhabi, the higher council had constituted several experts committees, including the committee for economic and social planning with a view to realizing coordination among the national economic plans of the member states and laying the bases for an economic integration in the future.

The unified economic treaty, ratified by the higher council in its second session in Riyadh, had said that the member states will strive to achieve coordination and coherence among their development plans, so that an economic integration could be realized in the future.

In another regional development, the executive council of the Gulf Postal Organization concluded its week-long meeting in Muscat Saturday. The council recommended postal coordination and air transport facilities for mail services among the states of the region. It also recommended that the organization's secretariat general be asked to prepare an initial study on the possibility of allocating one or more transport planes for the carriage of mail among the member states.

The council approved a program proposed by the secretariat general on study missions

and circles and giving encouragement to postal research. The secretariat was requested to establish contacts with the Arab Postal Union to coordinate stopping activities of the D.H.L. and similar special courier service companies, and to submit a memorandum in this behalf to the Arab League for taking suitable measures with member governments. The council resolved to hold the second session at its Riyadh headquarters in April, 1984, unless a member departments decides to host the session.

The council had begun its discussions last Saturday, attended by representatives of Arab Gulf states, the Arab postal union, the International Postal Union and the Arab Air Carriers Association.

260 import samples rejected

DAMMAM, April 3 (SPA) — The Quality Control Laboratory here rejected 260 samples of various foodstuffs and perfumes last month, officials announced here Saturday.

The laboratory, a department of the Commerce Ministry, received 2,726 samples from the Eastern Province's customs department, commercial fraud control committee, municipalities and several other government departments during the month, according to its director, Ahmad Alawi Qassem.

He said that the samples were analyzed to ensure their viability for human consumption, freedom from any forbidden contents and materials which may be harmful to the public health. The 260 samples were rejected either for failing to meet the specifications of the national standards or being unfit for human consumption.

During the same month, 259 samples of reinforcement iron bars were tested and one was rejected because it did not conform with the Saudi specifications for reinforcement iron bars used in concrete, Qassem said.

OMAR K. ALESAYI & CO.LTD.
BUILDING MATERIALS
★ TIMBER
★ STEEL
★ PLYWOOD

CONTACT : MR. D. J. KAPADIA
ARAB NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
NEXT TO SAUDI BRITISH BANK,
3RD FLOOR, FLAT 304,
MAIN STREET, DAMMAM,
TEL: 832357/8330871.



VISITING: Saudi Arabian Communications Minister Sheikh Hussein Mansouri (second from left) and Deputy Minister Nasser Al-Salloum (second from right) are greeted by Chinese Communications Minister Li En Chan (center), Saudi Ambassador Assaf Abdul Aziz Al-Zuhair (far left), and Chinese Vice Communications Minister Chen Shu-hsi (far right) when they arrived at Chiang Kai-shek International Airport, on the weekend, on a four-day visit. Mansouri and his party held talks with South Korean President Chun Doo-hwan Friday on promoting bilateral relations.

China confirms health cooperation

JEDDAH, April 3 (CNA) — Dr. T.C. Hsu, director-general of the Chinese health department, said Saturday the Republic of China will do its utmost to meet the needs of the two Saudi government hospitals being jointly run by the Saudi Health Ministry and his department.

Hsu said President Chiang Ching-Kuo told Saudi Arabian Health Minister Dr. Hussein Al-Jazairi during his visit to Taipei last November that the Chinese government would do all it can without condition or reservation to cooperate with the Kingdom in view of the friendly ties between the two countries.

He said to implement the instruction of President Chiang, the cabinet has worked

out a 10-year plan designed to meet the needs of the Jeddah and Hofuf general hospitals, which currently have 1,200 Chinese doctors, nurses and technicians altogether.

Hsu and Dr. Yang Sze-Piao, superintendent of national Taiwan university hospital, arrived here from Riyadh Friday, and were greeted at the airport by Chinese Ambassador Hsueh Yu-chi and Dr. Abbas Marzouqi, director of health in the Western Region.

The Chinese health official visited Jeddah general hospital Saturday morning and was greeted by Sheikh Sohail Banna, director of the hospital, who said the hospital has established a good reputation in the Kingdom to which the Chinese mission has contributed a great deal.

Kenyan group to confer with PTT authorities

By Javid Hassan
Arab News Staff

RIYADH, April 3 — A three-member delegation of the Telecommunication Administration of Kenya will arrive here Sunday to discuss with PTT Ministry officials the subject of laying a submarine cable in the Indian Ocean connecting the East African coast with the Arabian Gulf. The delegation members — S.K. Chenni, F. Dato and C.R. Aloo — are on the last leg of their journey which took them to Oman, Bahrain and Kuwait from Singapore.

This is the second delegation visiting Riyadh in connection with the submarine cable project. Last week a high level Australian delegation from the Overseas Telecommunications Commission held talks with Zuhair Musallam, director general long distance section of the ministry of PTT.

More talks are billed for May 17 in Paris when the initial partners of the Medarabtel (Mediterranean Arab Telecommunications) discuss the construction and maintenance agreement that has to be ratified by the initial partners and investors.

The Medarabtel project, of which the Kingdom is a member, envisages a terrestrial-submarine telecommunications link for the 28 countries in the Mediterranean-Arab region so as to ease pressure on the Intelsat satellite on which they are heavily dependent.

Overstayers arrested

RIYADH, April 3 (SPA) — Riyadh Police have arrested 757 persons of various nationalities who overstayed in the Kingdom in violation of rules here. The department has sent 424 of them to Jeddah and Jizan from where they are to be deported to their countries. Procedures are under way for the rest.

ABT
Arabian Bulk Trade Ltd.
**BULK & BAGGED
CEMENT
AND AGGREGATES**
A reliable source for all your cement requirements.
* All kinds of cement.
* Prompt supply.
ABT Your friend in all your cement needs.

EASTERN PROVINCE:
P.O. Box: 2194, Al-Khobar
Tel: (03) 8640461/8640665
CENTRAL PROVINCE:
P.O. Box: 16396, Riyadh
8645351/8648302/8649774
Tel: (01) 4786168/4789323
Telex: 670354 SABUT SJ.
670427 SAYARI SJ.

WESTERN PROVINCE:
P.O. Box: 8776, Jeddah
Tel: (02) 6519524/6519764
Telex: 203106 BNEXRD SJ.

BINEX
The International Co.
for Building Materials Ltd.
OFFERS YOU THE BEST BUY
IN
Building Materials,
Access and Support
Scaffolding, Formwork
and Concrete Additives.
Why bother elsewhere...
BUY BINEX

OMAR K. ALESAYI & CO.LTD.
BUILDING
MATERIALS
★ TIMBER
★ STEEL
★ PLYWOOD

CONTACT : MR. D. J. KAPADIA
ARAB NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
NEXT TO SAUDI BRITISH BANK,
3RD FLOOR, FLAT 304,
MAIN STREET, DAMMAM,
TEL: 832357/8330871.

Kelvinator

Housewife's Best Friend

The smooth working and elegant designing of Kelvinator Refrigerators, Freezers, Cookers, Dryers and Washing Machines save the housewife's time and effort. Moreover all Kelvinator appliances blend easily with the house decor.

No wonder, a Kelvinator partnership is lifelong. Take a look at Kelvinator appliances at your nearest Juffali showroom.

E.A.Juffali & Bros.
JEDDAH | RIYADH | DAMMAM | JUBAIL
642 2222 | 402 2222 | 632 3333 | 361 3860

MINOLTA THE MEMORY MAKERS

Minolta make that make memories

All standards - all sizes - all first class

make your choice Minolta and make memory.

MINOLTA
METROPOLITAN STORES
KING KHALID STREET AL-KHOBAR Tel: 8641146

HUGGIES
DISPOSABLE DIAPERS
Kleenex
HUGGIES
DISPOSABLE DIAPERS
With elastic at legs to help stop leaking!

Three ways more comfortable than regular type diapers:
• Form-fitting soft, gentle elastic at leg HELPS STOP LEAKING.
• Thick, fluffy padding soaks up wetness -EXTRA ABSORBENT.
• Dry Touch liner that helps keep wetness away from skin -KEEPS BABY DRIER.

Your baby deserves happiness day and night.

Kleenex and Huggies are trademarks of Kimberly-Clark Corp.

In four sizes

British minister to hold talks with Prince Miteb

By a Staff Writer

RIYADH, April 3 — British Minister for Construction John Stanley arrived here Saturday from Jeddah in the context of his current visit to the Kingdom. Stanley, who began his five-day visit in Jeddah Friday, had paid a short visit to Yanbu earlier Saturday. The minister, leading a delegation of offi-

cials and representatives of the construction industry, will call on Prince Miteb, minister of public works and housing.

Stanley said that his current visit signifies British industries' interest to participate in the development projects of the Kingdom. His talks will cover the performance of British companies in hospital management, agriculture and irrigation, in addition to the participation of British firms in large projects, he said.

In another development, the Cardiff Chamber of Commerce will sponsor a trade mission which will visit the Kingdom April 23 to May 7. The group will promote new range of products and reinforce business already established.

One of the companies represented, will promote mass spectrometers for industrial and academic uses. Other equipment to be offered by the company cover geological and nuclear science, pollution monitoring, hydrology and stable isotope ratio, according to Niger Grossley, sales manager, who will represent the firm in the trade mission.

A new range of export paints will be introduced. "One of our range, new to the export market, is our recently developed pammastic vinyl silk, a water-based yet washable internal finish with an attractive silky appearance," the company's representative told the London Press Services (LPS).

Oswald E. Parratt and Partners, quantity surveyors, will investigate the Kingdom's market.

Licenses given for agricultural, poultry projects

RIYADH, April 3 (SPA) — Licenses for setting up six agricultural and poultry projects at a total cost of SR71 million were approved Saturday by Agriculture and Water Minister Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Sheikh.

The first, a SR8.39 million project for vegetable and fodder, will be set up in Kharj, where tomatoes will be grown in an area of 40 hectares, clover in an area of 55 hectares, garlic in an area of 40 hectares.

The second project also will be set up in Kharj for producing wheat and fodder. It will cost SR32.24 million. The productive capacity is estimated at 2,700 tons of wheat, 1,800 tons of fig and 7,200 tons of Sudanese Hashisha.

The third project will produce 470 tons of wheat and 235 tons of fig annually. It will be set up in Hail at a cost of SR3.72 million. A poultry project also will be established in Qassim with an estimated annual productive capacity of 30,000 chickens. Another eggs project will be set up in Hail to produce 12.9 million eggs annually. A project of greenhouses will be established in Kharj area with an estimated productive capacity of 350 tons of cucumber and 300 tons of tomato.

The ministerial approval was given after the authorities were convinced of the projects' economic feasibility. They will be implemented by the private sector with financing from the Agriculture bank.

BRIEFS

JEDDAH — King Khaled has approved the allocation of SR10 million for the demolition of old houses and shops in Makkah, the deputy mayor of Makkah Abdul Hameed Kateb said Saturday. He told *Okaz* that the move comes in response to a proposal put forward by Makkah Governor Prince Majed.

A special committee surveyed the city and also submitted a report to this effect. Most of the 750 houses and shops to be demolished are around the Holy Haram.

JEDDAH (SPA) — Makkah Governor Prince Majed will officiate for Crown Prince Fahd here Sunday in an intellectual meeting to be held at Makkah Cultural and Literary Club. The governor also will open an exhibition of books by literary clubs in the Kingdom organized in the occasion. Makkah's Ummul Qura University, the Muslim World League, the Islamic Center, the Information Center of Makkah and leading men of letter in the holy city will take part in the exhibition. Eight literary clubs located in Makkah, Taif, Madinah, Jeddah, Riyadh, Qasim, Jizan and Abha.

JEDDAH (SPA) — Prince Saud ibn Abdul Mohsen, deputy Makkah governor Friday attended the final ceremony of the

Kingdom's fifth open fencing championship. The ceremony also was attended by Prince Hamoud ibn Saud, chairman of the Saudi Arabian fencing federation.

DAMMAM (SPA) — The Saudi Arabian Fertilizers Company (SAFCO) general assembly will meet here Wednesday to endorse the distribution of 1981 dividends. The assembly, meeting under SAFCO Chairman Mahmoud Taibah, who is also governor of the general electricity corporation, also will discuss issues related to developing the company's production of chemical fertilizers and review a report on the progress of work at the factory. The meeting will be held at the Dammam Chamber of Commerce and Industry headquarters.

JEDDAH (SPA) — The Japanese ambassador-designate, Toshiaki Muto, handed over a copy of his credentials here Saturday to Salem Sunbul, head of the foreign ministry of protocol. The new envoy will formally present his credentials to King Khaled at a later date.

JEDDAH — Bangladesh warship *Abdul Karim* called in at Jeddah Islamic Port Saturday on a goodwill visit.

IBO views exchange of radio, TV programs

KUWAIT, April 3 (SPA) — The General Assembly of the Islamic Broadcasting Organization began its two-day meetings here Saturday to discuss topics connected with the exchange of radio and television programs between the IBO and member organizations.

The meeting, attended by representatives of 30 Islamic countries, will also discuss programs and projects for the coming years besides debating some financial and administrative matters.

In an opening speech, Dr. Abdul Aziz Khoja, Saudi Arabian information undersecretary and chairman of the organization's executive council, referred to the serious phase of the Islamic world and urged the need for mobilizing Islamic energies and exploiting them successfully to encounter the enemies of Muslims.

Habib Chatti, secretary general of the Organization of the Islamic Conference, also spoke on the occasion reaffirming the deep relations existing between the two organizations. He said these ties go far beyond the traditional relations of cooperation among the international organizations. The IBO is an offshoot of the OIC, because the sixth Islamic foreign ministers' conference, held in Jeddah in 1975, had adopted a resolution on its inception, he added.

Chatti said the IBO came as an important means to implement the information policy at

the level of the Islamic world. He added that the OIC had taken urgent steps to lay the groundwork for IBO and the Islamic News Agency. It had also laid down the broadlines for the Islamic information policy by mapping a five-year information plan that was endorsed by the Jerusalem Committee and ratified by the 11th conference of Islamic foreign ministers which was held in Islamabad in 1980. It was again re-endorsed by the 12th conference held in Baghdad in 1981.

The OIC chief said the plan aims at bringing the Islamic world to prominence with an equitable solution to its issues, mainly the issues of Jerusalem and Palestine. The plan also aims at mobilizing all available information potentialities for the service of Islamic causes and making the world public opinion cross the stage of sympathy and undertake a positive action in favor of the Islamic issues.

Chatti referred to the needs of Islamic

minorities in non-Islamic countries for acquainting the Islamic countries with their difficult conditions. "There ought to be a two-way cooperation: one serving the Islamic nation and the other serving what is known as North-South, so that the dialogue continues on the issues of the Islamic world and the sublime values of Islam as a divine message," he said.

Meanwhile, the IBO is about to launch a tender for the selection of the best Islamic design for its headquarters. Organization sources revealed Saturday.

IBO has its headquarters temporarily behind Jeddah Shopping Center in Inekish. But Mayor Muhammad Saeed Farsi recently received the organization secretary general, Ahmad Farrag, and offered him a 10,000-square-meter plot at the site of the old Jeddah airport for IBO's permanent headquarters.

Prayer Times

Sunday	Makkah	Madina	Riyadh	Dammam	Buraidah	Tabuk
Fajr (Dawn)	4:47	4:46	4:17	4:03	4:28	4:56
Dhuhr (Noon)	12:24	12:25	11:56	11:43	12:07	12:37
Asr (Afternoon)	3:49	3:53	3:34	3:13	3:37	4:08
Maghreb (Sunset)	6:37	6:40	6:11	5:59	6:23	6:54
Isha (Night)	8:07	8:10	7:41	7:29	7:53	8:24



D.B. DENIZ NAKLIYATI T.A.S.

(D. B. TURKISH CARGO LINES)
Fındıklı, İstanbul (Turkiye)

With great pleasure we announce the inauguration
of our monthly cargo liner service between

Continental/Adriatic ports to Dubai/Abudhabi/Dammam

- Regular Fast Service
- Modern Vessels
- Safe Handling
- Competitive Freight

For any inquiries and bookings please contact our agents:

THE ORIENTAL COMMERCIAL EST.
(Shipping & Trading)



Apartment 1, 3rd Floor, Alfadal Bldg,
King Abdul Aziz Road
P.O.Box 1060, Dammam.

Phone: 8330176. Telexes: 601253 BOKARI SJ. / 602259 MARINE SJ.

TECHNICAL STAFF REQUIRED

MODERN ELECTRONICS ESTABLISHMENT, A LEADING SAUDI EST. IN AUDIO VISUALS AND COMMUNICATIONS, HAS SOME CHALLENGING POSITIONS AWAITING THOSE WHO ARE SUITABLY QUALIFIED, AT OUR EXPANDING PROJECTS DIVISION.

1. PABX SYSTEMS SALES ENGINEER:
B.S.C. HOLDERS WITH MINIMUM 3 YEARS EXPERIENCE IN PABX/TELEPHONE SYSTEMS WITH KNOWLEDGE OF THE SAUDI MARKET ARE SOUGHT. THE SUCCESSFUL APPLICANT WILL BE INVOLVED IN MARKETING AND SUPPORTING DIGITAL PABX'S IN THE KINGDOM.
2. ELECTRICAL/ELECTRONICS SALES ENGINEER:
B.S.C. HOLDERS WITH GOOD EXPERIENCE IN SUPPORTING AND MARKETING POWER SYSTEMS (REGULATORS, ISOLATORS, POWER CONDITIONERS, U.P.S'S ETC.) AND DIGITAL TECHNIQUES ARE THE RIGHT PERSONS TO APPLY. ARAB NATIONALS OF MUSLIM FAITH WILL BE GIVEN PRIORITY, THOUGH OTHERS WILL BE CONSIDERED.
3. COMMUNICATIONS & RADAR ENGINEERS/TECHNICIANS:
ONLY EXPERIENCED PERSONS SHOULD APPLY FOR THESE POSITIONS. SUITABLY QUALIFIED B.S.C./HNC HOLDERS ARE SOUGHT. EXPERIENCE IN MODERN SOLID STATE ASR/SSR/VHF COMMS IS ESSENTIAL.

GOOD SALARIES AND ALLOWANCES ARE GIVEN. EXCELLENT PROSPECTS TO FURTHER YOUR CAREERS. TO FIND OUT MORE ABOUT IT, PLEASE PHONE:

M. E. E'S PROJECT DIVISION ON 6427798, 6436026, 6430424 OR
WRITE IN CONFIDENCE TO: P.O. BOX: 1228 — JEDDAH.

Aramco Contracting Department

Karmal message delivered

Dost, Indira hold talks on bilateral matters

NEW DELHI, April 3 (Agencies) — Afghan Foreign Minister Shah Muhammad Dost arrived here Saturday on a brief 24-hour-visit, on his way to a meeting of the nonaligned foreign ministers' coordination bureau in Kuwait beginning Tuesday.

Dost met Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi and held talks with Indian officials on bilateral and regional matters. He also gave Mrs. Gandhi a personal message from Afghan President Babrak Karmal.

Mubarak, aide mull Kuwait conference

CAIRO, April 3 (AP) — Egypt's U.N. representative met with President Hosni Mubarak Saturday to prepare for the nonaligned foreign ministers' conference in Kuwait, a presidential official said.

Esmael Abdul-Meguid's trip would be the first official Egyptian visit to any of the Arab countries who refused to accept the Camp David Accords. Abdul-Meguid told Cairo radio "Egypt will stress its stand with the Palestinians until they regain their right to self-determination." The Egyptian delegation leaves for the three-day conference Sunday.

Self-determination for Kurds urged

WASHINGTON, April 3 (AP) — A plea for self-determination on behalf of millions of Kurds in Turkey, Iran, Iraq and Syria was made by Kismat Vanley, secretary general of the Kurdish Unity Party.

Vanley said he took part in the unsuccessful negotiations in 1979 with Ayatollah Khomeini to get autonomy for Kurds in Iran but the talks failed because the people around Khomeini insisted on disarming the Kurds. "They would have massacred us if we gave up our arms," Vanley told a news conference.

He said the Kurdish guerrillas still hold the

town of Karand, west of the larger Kurdish city of Kermanshah, which the Kurds occupied for a period after the fall of the Shah.

Vanley claims to speak on behalf of 14 to 18 million Kurds, but reference books give the population of "kurdistan" at only 3 to 5 million.

Vanley proposes an intra-national council of Kurds from all four countries to deal with economic, social and cultural matters leaving national defense and foreign affairs in the hands of each government.

Pakistan arrests student leaders

KARACHI, April 3 (AP) — Police Thursday arrested five students of Karachi University on charges of "unlawful assembly and hindering police officials from discharging their duties."

According to police, those arrested include the secretary of the Karachi University Students Union and Karachi chief of extremists' students organization, Islami Jamiat-e-Tulba (Muslim Students Federation). This group of students are agitating since last month against

arrests of their members and Thursday they occupied the administrative block of the university. As a protest, police after a minor clash, got vacated the block and arrested five of them.

Police in the first week of March arrested 32 students of Karachi University charged with rioting and unlawful assembly within the campus. The Islami Jamiat-e-Tulba is observing Saturday as black day. All assemblies, demonstrations and rallies are banned under the martial law rules.

80% fall noted in Turkey's terror cases

ANKARA, April 3 (AP) — Terrorist incidents in Turkey fell by more than 80 percent last year compared to previous years, informed sources have said here.

There were 2,080 such incidents in 1981, after 14,000 in 1980, while deaths in terrorist incidents fell to below one a day, from 22 a day before the military took power in a coup in September 1980. The fall in incidents was recorded mainly in Ankara, Istanbul and Izmir on the Aegean. However, while the number of incidents diminished, the number of suspects captured rose, reaching 60,000 in 1981, the sources said.

Out of 60,000 persons captured since the coup, 47,621 were at present on trial at martial law courts all over Turkey, with 43,986 involved in underground trials, 2,975 in trade union trials and 660 in party trials.

Over 800,000 arms of various calibers and types, including mortars, rocket launchers and anti-aircraft guns, had been seized since the coup, the sources said.

Six face trial for rioting in Casablanca

RABAT, April 3 (R) — Six leaders of the Socialist Opposition Party and its trade union ally will go on trial in Casablanca next month charged with involvement in last year's bloody riots in Casablanca.

A spokesman for the Socialist Union of Peoples Forces, the main opposition party, said Friday the trial was finally fixed for May 17 after more than nine months of legal wrangling. The six were arrested June 20 last year after violent rioting broke out in Casablanca following a call by the radical CDT Trade Union for a nationwide general strike in protest against basic food price increases.

According to official figures, 77 persons died in the riot while opposition sources said over 630 were killed when police and troops fired on demonstrators. Independent sources estimated the death toll at about 200.

Barre returns home

MOGADISHU, April 3 (R) — President Siad Barre of Somalia returned home after an official three-day state visit and talks with Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak.

The two leaders discussed bilateral relations and African and Middle East problems, Egyptian officials said. The officials said the talks also covered developments on the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, scene of an uprising by opposed to Israeli occupation.

Kyprianou sees hopeful signs on Cyprus issue

ATHENS, April 3 (AP) — Cyprus President Spyros Kyprianou said Friday there are hopeful signs for settlement of the Cyprus issue because of various initiatives on an international level by Greek Premier Andreas Papandreou.

Kyprianou made the statement after a working lunch with Papandreou.

The Cypriot president is on his way to Rome for talks with U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar on the stalled Cyprus issue. From the Italian capital, Kyprianou will go to Bonn for a meeting with German Social Democrat leader Willy Brandt, who will act as a mediator for the demilitarization of the divided island. Papandreou said that the German Socialist leader has offered his services toward helping to find a solution.

Papandreou, who last February visited Nicosia, has pledged to make the Cyprus problem an international issue. The premier

Syrian exiles form front against regime

NEW YORK, April 3 (R) — Exiled Syrian dissidents say they have formed an alliance against the Syrian regime.

Former Baath Party general secretary Hammoud Al-Shoufy, who embarrassed the Assad government by defecting in December 1979 while Syria's U.N. ambassador, said the new alliance for the liberation of Syria was formed March 11.

At a news conference here, he said the alliance composed of the Muslim Brotherhood, the Iraqi-backed faction of the Baath Party, the Syrian Islamic Front, the Arab Socialist Party, the Nasserites and several independent politicians, including himself. He said the alliance was formed inside Syria by representatives of the various groups, but said that most of its seven-member ruling council were in exile.

Al-Shoufy made his announcement a month after the Syrian army crushed Muslim extremists in Hama, the country's fourth largest city, in the worst anti-government battles since President Assad seized power in 1969. The two major members of the alliance are the Brotherhood and the Baath Party faction.

Al-Shoufy refused to give details on the military or popular strength of the alliance, but said that it would coordinate future actions against the Assad government.

Ceausescu, Klibi call for Israeli withdrawal

BUCHAREST, April 3 (AP) — Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu and Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi called for a settlement of the Palestinian issue and the withdrawal of Israel from the area of demarcation, Bucharest radio reported Friday.

Klibi arrived here Thursday at the invitation of the Romanian government amid heightened tensions in the Middle East. According to a communiqué broadcast by the government-run radio station, Klibi and Ceausescu agreed that peace could not be brought to the region until an independent Palestinian state was established.

Klibi's visit came one day after Romanian media condemned the dismissal of Arab mayors on the occupied West Bank. Romania is the only Soviet Bloc country that has maintained diplomatic relations with Israel.

UNIVERSAL OF SAUDI ARABIA
INTERIOR FINISHING
SUB-CONTRACTOR
EXPATRIATE SUPERVISORS
We Supply and Install:
* Gypsum Board Metal Studing
* Suspended Ceiling
* Ceilings
* Terrazzo-Quarry Tiles
* Plastering-Texturing
* Painting-Wall Coverings
* Carpet-Resilient Flooring
We Offer a Complete Interior Package
TEL: 478-4369 OR 476-2260
Division of
SAUDI DEVELOPMENT GROUP
P.O. Box 8044, Riyadh
TLX: 203676 SDG SJ.

NOW LEASING
Apartment Building near the
Jeddah Shopping Center
containing 6 Flats. Two or 3
Bedrooms. Fully carpeted,
curtained and furnished.
Swimming pool available. Will
lease separately.
Red Sea Building Services
JEDDAH 6690580 : 6690596

You'll find them all in the new 1982 STTB Travel Catalogue.

Bigger and better than ever before, our range of destinations includes something to suit every taste and budget.

From free stopovers to round the world trips and unlimited air travel in the United States. From European Coach Tours and Mediterranean Cruises to East African Safaris.

Not forgetting Turkey and of course the Far East — this year no less than nine exciting destinations.



Plus, Business Travel and Car Hire in London.

Send off for your free copy today. Simply clip the coupon and send it to our Head Office. Or, call into your nearest STTB branch.

STTB Offices in Saudi Arabia

Jeddah
Al Khor Building
Medina Road South
(Next to Luthfiyah)
Tel: 6437046, 6428466
(03) 8644051
(03) 8649722
(03) 8649740

Dammam
Dammam Road
(Opposite Shamil)
Tel: 6421172, 6425437
Hyatt Regency Hotel
Medina Road South
(JAL Office)
Tel: 6519600 ext: 1193
Abuafra Alhamdan S.
Kuwait Tel: 66492921
Office No. 48
Jeddah International
Market
Medina Road North
Tel: 6824056, 6824056

Al Khobar
Mezzanine Floor
Multi Centre Complex
(Opposite Holiday Inn)
Tel: 3227022, 5227933
Ext: 126

Riyadh
Baha Street
Tel: 4012389, 4012485
Armen Street Plaza
Tel: 4774115

Head Office
P.O. Box 663
Dhahran International
Airport Tel: 8792565
RESERVATIONS:
8795151
Al-Safaf Metal Building
Street 33
JEDDAH 400584 SIGMA
Tel: (03) 5661895
SITA JEDDAH

Yanbu
Mezzanine Floor
Multi Centre Complex
(Opposite Holiday Inn)
Tel: 3227022, 5227933
Ext: 126

Dhahran
Dhahran International
Airport Tel: 8792565
RESERVATIONS:
8795151
Al-Safaf Metal Building
Street 33
JEDDAH 400584 SIGMA
Tel: (03) 5661895
SITA JEDDAH

STTB

Beirut clashes claim 2 lives

BEIRUT, April 3 (R) — Two persons were killed in gun battles between Palestinians and a Lebanese nationalist group in west Beirut Friday night, security sources said Saturday.

The explosion of rocket-propelled grenades could be heard late into the night. The area was quiet but tense Saturday morning, the sources said.

Shooting was also heard from the devastated commercial area, where Christians clashed with Syrian soldiers of the Arab Detent Force (ADF).

شانگریلا
The Shangri-La
CHINESE RESTAURANT
SAUDI ARABIA

JEDDAH RIYADH AL KHOBAR TAIF
(02) 8652908 (01) 4762432 (03) 8643422 (02) 7360835
NEW TEL. NOS.
JEDDAH AL KHOBAR (02) 6714833 (03) 8642249

TRIPOWER MOBILE LIGHTING TOWERS

Make light work of night work

* Construction Sites
* Airports
* Seaports
* Highways
* Storage and Container Areas

Powerlite 9 - Type PL 9
Mast 9 Metre Tubular Construction
Engine Lister Diesel 7KW Hand Start
Alternator Dual Voltage with
socket outlets for Auxiliary use
Light Source Tungsten Halogen
4x1500 W Floodlights

Powerlite 18 Type PL 18

Mast 18 Metre Lattice Construction
Alternator Dual Voltage with
socket outlets for Auxiliary use
Light Source Tungsten Halogen
4x1500 W Floodlights

HAJI HUSEIN ALIREZA & CO. LTD.

Jeddah P.O. Box 40; Bab Makkah,
(King Abdul Aziz Street)
Tel: 6423509/6423802
Telex: 401221-RUSREZ SJ
Sales-Service-Parts
Tel: 6871196/7

WISH YOU WERE HERE?

America
Bali
Bangkok
East Africa
Europe
Hong Kong
Jakarta
Kuala Lumpur
Manila
Mediterranean
Penang
Singapore
Taipei
Turkey

IMMEDIATE OPENINGS ON MAJOR PROJECTS IN K.S.A.

GAS TURBINE POWER PLANT ENGINEERS TRANSMISSION & DISTRIBUTION ENGINEERS ACTM AFFILIATE

AL GWAIZ ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, A MULTI-NATIONAL ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT FIRM HAS OPENINGS ON TWO MAJOR ELECTRIC UTILITY PROJECTS IN SAUDI ARABIA.

PROJECT LOCATIONS: BISHA, JEDDAH

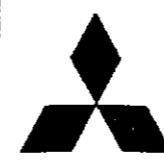
- RESIDENT CONSTRUCTION MANAGERS
- SENIOR CIVIL ENGINEER
- SENIOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEER
- SENIOR MECHANICAL ENGINEER
- ELECTRICAL ENGINEER
- CIVIL ENGINEER
- MECHANICAL ENGINEER
- QUANTITY SURVEYOR
- INSTRUMENTATION & CONTROL ENGINEER

B.S DEGREE AND 10 YEARS ENGINEERING/CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT EXPERIENCE IN APPROPRIATE DISCIPLINE REQUIRED INCLUDING EXPERIENCE ON AT LEAST ONE MAJOR POWER PLANT OR T & D PROJECT.

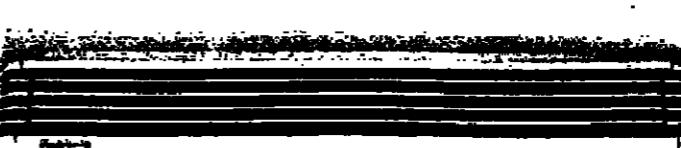
THIS IS A CONTINUING MULTI-YEAR PROJECT. ENGINEERS WITH QUALIFICATIONS SEND RESUMES IN CONFIDENCE TO:



P.O. BOX: 4189 RIYADH KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA
ATTENTION: MR. J. KREITZ



We suggest the quietest way to cool the
summer Use MITSUBISHI electric
SUPPER QUIET SPLIT System air conditioner



Introducing the quietest and most complete
range of air conditioned air conditioners
with refrigerants of new series
for every need to be met.

Can be placed in any convenient
position.

Ceiling suspended from	18,000 to 60,000 Btu
Wall mounted from	18,000 to 30,000 Btu
Floor standing from	18,000 to 144,000 Btu

Besides chiller and package of
different capacities

(SALES AND INSTALLATION)

RIYADH : 4781618 / 4777266
4781475 / 4786131
P.O.BOX 6214

JEDDAH : 6515300
P.O.BOX 6592

DAMMAM 8261440 / 8328344
P.O.BOX 2840

SAUDI ELECTRONIC COMPANY
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AGENTS

**MR. SLIM SAVES SPACE
SURELY, SUBSTANTIALLY, SUPERIOR**

Mr. SLIM

OPEL



OPEL

TECHNICAL PERFECTION
FOR SUPERIOR DRIVING

OWNING OPEL MEANS

THE MOST ADVANCED
MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY

SUITABLE FOR THE HOTTEST CLIMATE.....

WITH THE MOST DEMANDING STANDARDS.....

AND THE FULFILMENT OF THE HIGHEST EXPECTATIONS.....

MANY ATTRACTIVE OPTIONS

Backed by
after sale service & parts



SOLE DEALERS IN THE
WESTERN PROVINCE:
GENERAL MACHINERY AGENCIES
OPPOSITE BAKHSHAB BLDG.
BEHIND JEDDAH PALACE HOTEL
BAB MAKKAH - JEDDAH.
TEL: 6442800 — 6429501/3

SENATOR CD

4-DOOR SEDAN
AIRCONDITIONED
RADIO/STEREO TAPE....

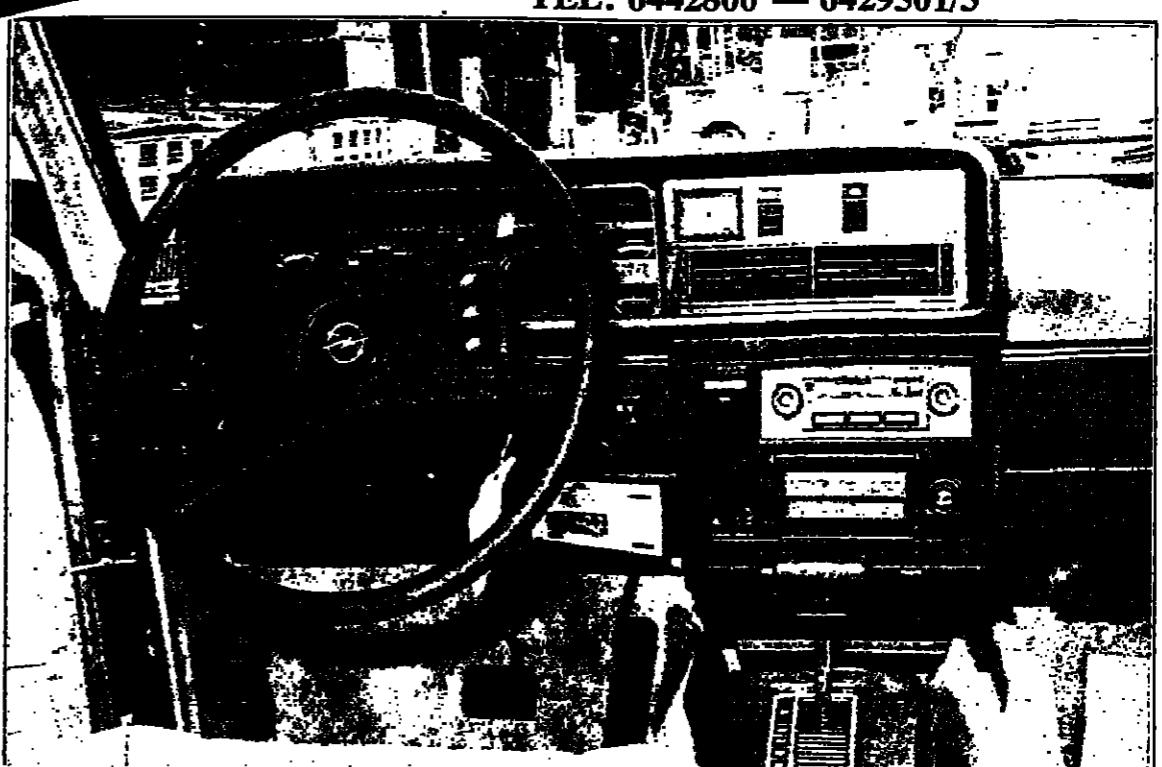
PRICES START FROM 27000 SR.

MONZA S

2-DOOR COUPE
ENGINE: 3000CC 6-CYL
AIRCONDITIONED
RADIO-STEREO TAPE
5 SPEED OR AUTOMATIC
FUEL INJECTION

REKORD

4-DOOR SEDAN
ENGINE: 2000CC 4-CYL
AIRCONDITIONED
RADIO/STEREO TAPE....
4 SPEED OR AUTOMATIC



GAS TURBINE POWER PLANT ENGINEERS TRANSMISSION & DISTRIBUTION ENGINEERS ACTM AFFILIATE

AL GWAIZ ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, A MULTI-NATIONAL ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT FIRM HAS OPENINGS ON TWO MAJOR ELECTRIC UTILITY PROJECTS IN SAUDI ARABIA.

PROJECT LOCATIONS: BISHA, JEDDAH

- RESIDENT CONSTRUCTION MANAGERS
- SENIOR CIVIL ENGINEER
- SENIOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEER
- SENIOR MECHANICAL ENGINEER
- ELECTRICAL ENGINEER
- CIVIL ENGINEER
- MECHANICAL ENGINEER
- QUANTITY SURVEYOR
- INSTRUMENTATION & CONTROL ENGINEER

B.S DEGREE AND 10 YEARS ENGINEERING/CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT EXPERIENCE IN APPROPRIATE DISCIPLINE REQUIRED INCLUDING EXPERIENCE ON AT LEAST ONE MAJOR POWER PLANT OR T & D PROJECT.

THIS IS A CONTINUING MULTI-YEAR PROJECT. ENGINEERS WITH QUALIFICATIONS SEND RESUMES IN CONFIDENCE TO:

P.O. BOX: 4189 RIYADH KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA
ATTENTION: MR. J. KREITZ

arabnews
SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER
PUBLISHED BY SAUDI RESEARCH AND MARKETING COMPANY

Publisher: HISHAM ALI HAFIZ
MUHAMMAD ALI HAFIZ

Editor in Chief: MUHAMMAD M. AL-SHIBANI

Managing Editor: FAROUK M. LUGMAN

General Manager: SAUD ALI HAFIZ

HEADQUARTERS: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OF SHARARA, P.O. BOX 4558
TEL: 6534229-6534743-6533723-6532329-6532911
CABLE: MARADNEWS TELEX: 401570 ARANEWS SJ JEDDAH

RAYADH BUREAU: AL-SATHA STREET, AL RAJI BUILDING NO. 2, 4th FLOOR,
APT 210, P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 4032772-40320460
CABLE: ARABNEWS TELEX: 201660 MARAD SJ

EASTERN REGION BUREAU: ABDULLAH FOUD CENTER ABDUL AZIZ STREET
10TH FLOOR SUITE 31 AL-KHOBAR TEL: 8544093-8544492-8545678

GULF REGIONAL BUREAU: BAHRAIN TOWER BUILDING,
TEL: 232328; TELEX: 9486 ARANEWS - BIR CABLE: ARABNEWS P.O. BOX 20534

CARIO BUREAU: EGYPT, 31 JAZIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINAT
ALMOHANDISEEN, ADOKKI, CAIRO TEL: 815121-650121

KHARTOUM BUREAU: SUDAN, AL TAKAH BUILDING ATBARA STREET,
TEL: 71707/71708 P.O. BOX: KHARTOUM 2944

TURK OFFICE: TEL: 256611

SANA'A OFFICE: YEMEN ARAB REPUBLIC, HADDA ST. ALI S. AL TAYSEE BLDG.
P.O. BOX 1298 TEL: 207538-207638; TELEX: 2242 LAHOM YE

LONDON BUREAU: 67 COUCH SQUARE FLEET STREET, LONDON EC4A 3J
TEL: 353-4413456 CABLE: 88272 ARAB NEWS

U.S. BUREAU: HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1650 HOUSTON,
TEXAS 77072 TEL: (713) 951-0245 TELEX: 440588 ARABNEWS HOU

WASHINGTON, D.C.: 359 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20045 TEL: (202) 638-7163; TELEX: 440588 SAUDI UI

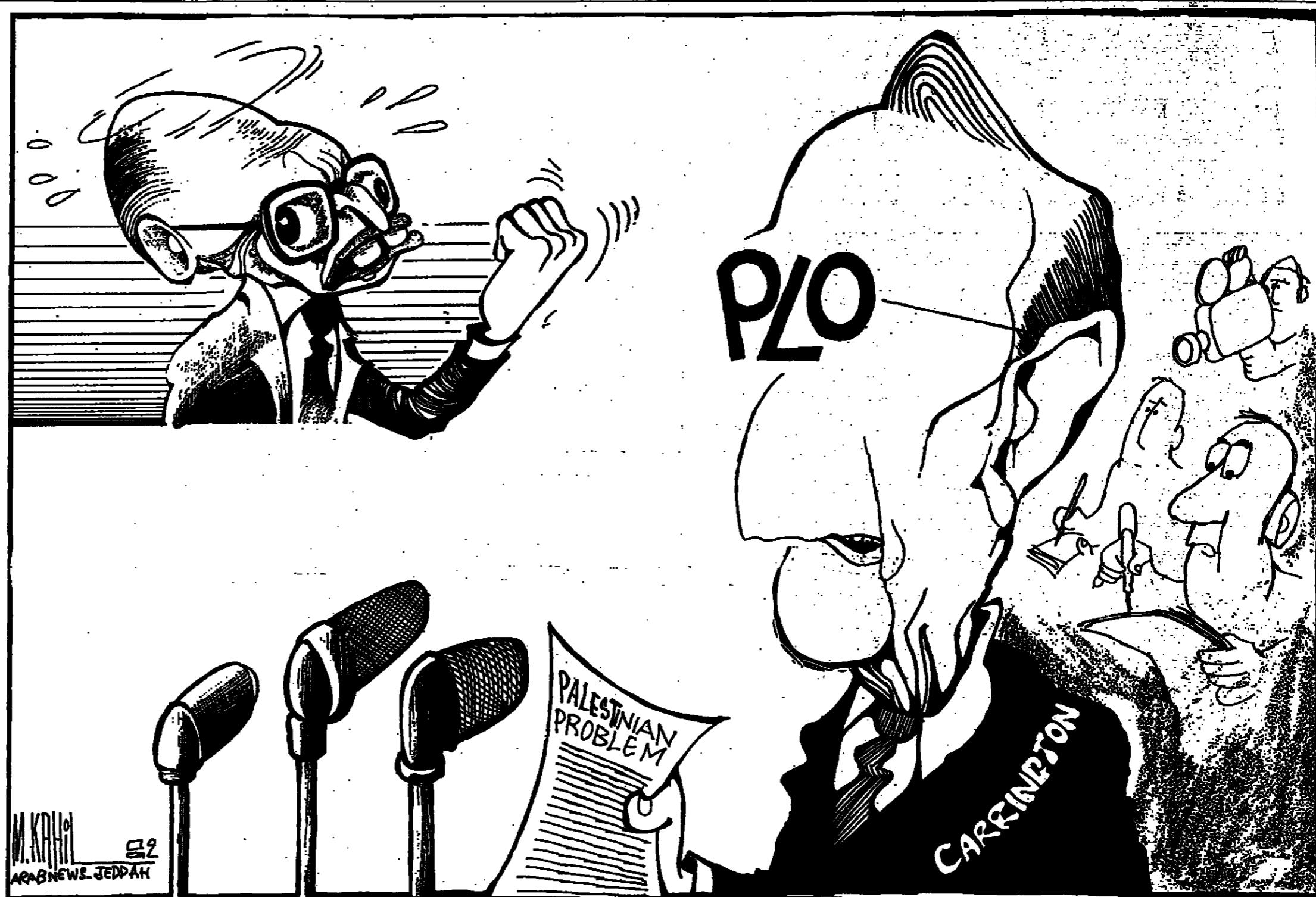
ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION: SR700 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED
INTERNATIONAL: \$ 200 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED
Produced and Printed at Al-Medina Printing and Publishing Co, Jeddah
For Riyadh and Eastern Region Printed at Al-Yamama Printing Press

SOLE ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES

TIHAMA

FOR ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS & MARKETING RESEARCH

JEDDAH : Ministry of Foreign Affairs Circle, P.O. Box : 5455,
Tel: 6544444 (20 lines) Tels: 401205 THAMCO S.J., Cables: THAMCO, Jeddah.
RIYADH : Shiekh Road, Real Estate Co. Bldg., P.O. Box 4681,
Tel: 4771000 (10 lines), Tels: 200561 S.J., Cables: THAMCO, Riyadh.
EL-QASEEM : Buraidah, Medina Road, Moshagh Bldg., Apartment No. 306,
Tel: 65332200.
MECCA : Urwa Alqas, Mecca-Jeddah Road, P.O. Box : 1874,
Tel: 5427072, 5427072; Cables: THAMCO Mecca.
TAIF : Attabekya Oferid, Airport Road, P.O. Box : 1245, Tel: 7388890.
DAMMAM : Al-Shahri Road, Km Khaleesi District, Bughash Bldg., 7th floor,
P.O. Box 2588, Tel.: 6332555, 63320434, 6333382, 6333384,
Cables: THAMCO, Dammam.
OUTDOOR ADVERT. BRANCH : Jeddah, Hassan Bin Thabit St., Al-Bughadeya,
Tel: 6544444, 6425600, 6425600.
TAIF : Al-Nasirah District, Tel Road, P.O. Box : 522.
Tel: 2245371, 2245810, 2245808; Cables: THAMCO, Abha.
LONDON : International Press Centre, 78 Shoe Lane, EC4A 3J, B,
Tel: 013536952, 013536826, 013535128, 013532140, Telex: 28522 THAMCO G,
Cables: THAMCO, London.



West Bank uprising marks new era in Israeli-Palestinian struggle

By William Claiborne

The Israeli occupation government's dismissal of three nationalist West Bank mayors, and the subsequent Palestinian uprising unparalleled in nearly 15 years of Israeli rule there, marks a new era in Israeli-Palestinian struggle that will have far-reaching effects not only on the West Bank but on Israel's domestic politics as well.

Israeli Defense Minister Ariel Sharon made this clear recently when he characterized Israel's campaign in the West Bank as a historic "power struggle with the Palestine Liberation Organization." His civilian occupation government, Meirion Milson, talked about the "battle to uproot the PLO from the territories ... perhaps the most significant battle since 1948," when Israel occupied Palestine.

In less than a month, the Israeli government has disbanded and outlawed the only West Bank-wide council of nationalist mayors and other public figures, deposed three of the few remaining popularly elected pro-PLO mayors of the major towns and threatened other mayors with the same fate. It also has thrown into the West Bank the largest peacetime show of military force since 1967.

Coupled with the deportation in 1980 of two other pro-PLO mayors and the imposition of "town arrest" travel restrictions on several other outspokenly nationalistic Arab leaders, the recent actions have stripped the West Bank of most of the leaders elected six years ago in what Israel then hailed as the first truly free elections Palestinians

But Argentina's resort to force, which amounted to an invasion of the islands sets a dangerous precedent worldwide. There are hundreds of disputed borders and thousands of claims and counterclaims which were inherited from Western colonialism of the past few centuries. If these are not discussed peacefully and in a real spirit of compromise they could lead to endless wars as the Falkland case might well do.

Britain has received a senseless slap in the face and even if it did not wish to hang on to the useless islands, now it will have little choice but to fight to regain them. With the Argentines firmly entrenched in the archipelago and reinforcing their fleet, air force and armed forces in anticipation of British action, the conflict might turn out to be exceedingly bloody. And for what? For a small batch of rocky, even ugly islands with little to commend them to anybody but those who had been already there and grown attached to them.

The 1,800 people had enjoyed the liberal British way of life which contrasted sharply with the right-wing dictatorship of Argentina and its horrors. They dreaded the prospect of ever being controlled by the Argentine ruling junta and its style of administering people. They ought really to have been offered another choice like settling in Britain, Canada or Australia if they wished so that the islands might be returned to Argentina sans people.

This may be too late now as Britain musters its considerable naval power to dislodge the Argentines and regain its international prestige and heal the wound inflicted on its morale by the occupation of the islands.

Depending on the outcome of the Falkland problem will also depend the fate of other disputed territories of which Gibraltar is only one example.

had ever enjoyed.

Not surprisingly, the Arab mayors and Israeli authorities have widely different perspectives on the purpose of the current campaign against West Bank resistance. The Israelis claim it is a narrow effort directed solely against PLO-oriented leaders who have incited violence against army troops and Jewish civilian settlers. But the mayors call the campaign part of a "war of attrition" against the Palestinian people and a prelude to Israeli annexation of the West Bank.

What is surprising is the timing of the oppressive Israeli measures, which were begun at a time of relative calm in the West Bank. The calm has been shattered by rioting that has, resulted in the deaths of six Palestinian youths and one Israeli soldier and scores of injured on both sides. The stage was set several weeks ago when Milson issued the first of several summonses to El Bireh Mayor Ibrahim Tawil to appear at the military government headquarters near Ramallah for a "working" meeting.

Tawil, a close political ally of pro-PLO Mayor Karim Khalaf of Ramallah, first ignored the summons, then openly defied it by having the municipal council adopt a resolution rejecting any such meeting.

Attendance, said the mayor, meant cooperating with a civil administration that he and other Arab leaders maintain is a sham and part of an Israeli scheme to unilaterally impose an autonomy accord on the West Bank. The mayors say they preferred the previous military government under

an army brigadier general to the new government headed by Milson, a professor and former army officer who was appointed to the civilian post in November.

Tawil said at the time that he expected to be dismissed for his defiance, and Khalaf said that he expected to be next. Both mayors warned that there would be a strong reaction in the West Bank. But on March 18, Milson issued the order dismissing Tawil and dissolving the El Bireh City Council, the first such dissolution in the West Bank.

The West Bank disturbances began the next day, and a week later, Khalaf and Nablus Mayor Bassam Shakaa were similarly deposed after being accused of inciting violence. The Palestinian leaders have charged that Tawil was deposed in order to provoke a wave of anti-Israeli disturbances that would justify the further dismissals of Khalaf and Shakaa. Both men have been popular symbols of West Bank resistance since they were crippled two years ago by car bombs that have never been solved. Some Israeli officials privately blame the bombings on extremist Israeli settlers.

Asked why the crackdown on the nationalist mayors was launched now, six years after openly pro-PLO candidates swept the 1976 West Bank local elections in the major towns, Milson replied:

"The fact that certain dangers are overlooked for a while does not mean you don't have to deal with the threat." He claimed that Khalaf and Shakaa had used their positions to "pressure" West Bank

army brigadier general to the new government headed by Milson, a professor and former army officer who was appointed to the civilian post in November.

"Let me remind you, it is not a struggle between the civil administration and the mayors. It is a struggle between the PLO and the Jewish people," Milson alleged. He was referring to the village leagues, a network of Israeli-financed civic organizations that Milson has fostered as an alternative political force to supplant the West Bank's pro-PLO leadership. The leagues, which distribute patronage and financial grants among local Arabs regarded as "moderate" have been viewed by the Israeli government as a potential bargaining agent for the autonomy scheme envisaged in the Camp David accord.

The nationalist mayors, who have rejected the autonomy plan in its entirety, regard the village leagues as a "quisling" group and an Israeli-contrived threat to their own power base. One village league head has been assassinated and several others have been attacked, although they had been given army-issued submachine guns for protection. Jordan last month announced that village league members would be tried in absentia for treason and sentenced to death.

Milson, who replaced the deposed mayors with Israeli military officers, has said he intends eventually to install "moderate" Arabs — presumably village league members — in the West Bank City Halls.

By indirectly blaming the previous Labor Party government, then in power, for the success of pro-PLO candidates in the 1976 election, Milson appears to have fueled an issue that already had been shaping up as the most important in the next Israeli elections.

With Prime Minister Menachem Begin's parliamentary majority whittled to a deadlock, Begin has said he wants an early election to broaden his power base. His Likud Party strategists have predicted that consolidation of Israel's control over the West Bank will be the election's key issue. The opposition Labor Party and its allies nearly brought down the government last month in a no-confidence vote based largely on West Bank occupation policies, and the current troubles have only exacerbated that issue. (WP)

It's spring in Poland, but outlook still gloomy

By Brian Mooney

WARSAW —

Spring has arrived in Poland and brought with it not fresh rebellion nor further repression but a stifling atmosphere of stalemate. Martial law is nearly four months old, but the problems the military set out to tackle are still there, largely unresolved.

Military leader Gen. Wojciech Jaruzelski has succeeded only on two fronts — he has tamed his querulous people and restored Poland's image as a loyal ally of the Soviet Union. But he has won none of the applause at home which greeted him in Moscow and East Berlin where he was portrayed as a new Warsaw Pact cult figure, as a hero who saved communism in Poland from counter-revolution.

There are also some outward signs of progress at home. The shops are fuller than they were during the 16 months in which Solidarity rose and fell as the East bloc's first and only experiment in free trade unionism. But prices are up to four times higher and wages remain at their previous level, making life harder for the average Pole than it was since the Communists took over in 1945.

In keeping with the logistical mind of the military, certain projects that have been crying for initiative are finally being attended to. Repair work, for example, has begun on one of Warsaw's main bridges whose bascule was spoiled during construction because ex-party leader Edward Gierek ordered it to be completed in a hurry in time for the 30th anniversary of Communist rule in 1975.

The potholes and bulges on the Lazienkowski Bridge that have plagued motorists ever since were symptomatic of much of Gierek's 10-year rule which ended with its showcase of success in tatters amid a national worker revolt in the summer of 1980.

Many of Poland's structural problems, particularly in the economy which was boosted artificially in the 1970s with Western loans that have left Poland with a \$26.5 billion foreign debt, stem from the Gierek years. Gierek and a number of his ministers are under detention and are being investigated for possible criminal offenses. One of his deputy prime ministers, Franciszek Kaim, has already been jailed for one year for favoring his secretary. But the witch-hunt on the Gierek era is, in the minds of many Poles, too late and no longer relevant.

Political activists say that had such a purge followed immediately in the wake of Gierek's downfall it might have made sense and gone some way toward assuaging popular anger. But, like almost everything during the Solidarity period, it was delayed as the Communists struggled to hold on to power.

Now, Poles say, it is irrelevant and in any case dwarfed by the crackdown on those who rose

against Gierek's misrule. Among them are the nine killed in the December clashes and the 3,600-odd Solidarity leaders, activists, dissidents, workers and intellectuals who remain interned without trial. In addition, there are some 500 second-rank Solidarity activists who are serving jail terms for continuing their union work, striking, or printing leaflets in defiance of martial law.

Several hundred others are awaiting trial, and police are pulling in more and more as the law tightens on clandestine opposition and the number of underground publications dwindles. Thousands of known Solidarity sympathizers, meanwhile, have lost their jobs. They range from civil servants to airline pilots, journalists, and factory managers.

Martial law also continues to impinge on the daily lives of most Poles. Telephone calls are openly tapped, mail is censored. Drivers are stopped routinely at roadblocks across the country. Soldiers and policemen, armed with machine guns, stand guard at strategic points and patrol cities. A six-hour curfew remains in force. Foreign travel, except for official business or on humanitarian grounds or for the elderly is totally banned.

The economy is showing no signs of a miracle cure. Some 40 percent of Poland's industrial capacity is idle and inflation could reach three figures by the end of the year, introducing hyperinflation to the Soviet bloc for the first time. The only glimmer of hope for the economy is a rise in coal production, but the world price of what was once Poland's main export earned is falling and Poland is having difficulty in getting back into its traditional markets.

Coal alone, however, cannot pay Poland's debts. In fact, it is recognized in the short term that no-one can, and Western banks will shortly begin negotiations with Warsaw to reschedule repayment of the \$10 billion they are owed this year.

Against this bleak backdrop, political life is measured by dialogue between government and the people, has come to a virtual standstill. Even official commentators are pointing to a dangerous void in Polish society, made more lethal by the fact that with Solidarity gone there is no longer a safety valve.

The Roman Catholic Church has, to some extent, stepped in to fill the vacuum, thereby resuming its traditional self-appointed role as guardian of the nation at times of crisis. But there are limits to the church's power. The limits were thrown into stark relief by martial law.

The church demanded what amounted to unconditional surrender by the military — the release of internees, amnesty for the jailed, restoration of Solidarity and peace talks. But the military took their punches from the pulpit and ignored them, arguing that they did not proclaim martial law merely to halt the clock for a few months. They say there can be no

return to the Solidarity period.

All the talking, the generals say, will be on their terms. But with Lech Walesa and other interned Solidarity leaders reported to be holding out for some major concession, such terms may be a long way off or may never take place.

Perhaps significantly, the authorities went out of their way to deny Western reports that Deputy Prime Minister Mieczyslaw Rakowski had recently met Walesa. The officially controlled mass media have also perceptibly stepped up attacks on Walesa in a clear attempt to discredit him so that the authorities have the option of casting him into political oblivion.

The ruling generals have also displayed a readiness for decisive action by abolishing two of the independent-minded organizations — the Independent Students' Union and the Journalists' Association. Solidarity itself could well be next and the formal abolition of the union, which was only suspended when martial law was imposed, was already mooted in the official press.

Such a move is seen by some analysts as inevitable in light of the official explanation that martial law was necessary to prevent Solidarity dragging Poland to civil war by attempting the violent overthrow of the Communist establishment. Solidarity activists still at large deny this thesis. They say the union only wanted to bring about a peaceful liberalization and say that it was the rank and file in the 10-million strong union who were the radicals, not the leaders.

The activists also accuse the Communists of intentionally thwarting campaigns on bread-and-butter issues to radicalize and politicize their union. Such accusations are strenuously denied by the Communists.

Poland's generals appear to realize that they cannot simply put the clock back and, albeit on their own terms, are making efforts to salvage some of the reform elements from the Solidarity period. They say they do not want to recreate the unions as mere subservient transmission belts as they were before Solidarity.

The authorities talk of the need for independent unions. Any future independent trade union in Poland would have to be wholly loyal to the Communist system, the military says.

The generals, meanwhile, are still looking for ways to hand back power to the discredited and weakened Communist Party, discovering as they go the truth in the Latin American proverb that it is easier for the military to take over from civilians than it is to give it back to them. By all accounts there are still deep divisions inside the Communist Party, especially at the top. That possibly explains why the military appears to be digging in. (R)

Today in history

Today is Sunday, April 4th, the 94th day of 1982. There are 271 days left in the year.

Highlights in history on this date:

1611 — Denmark's King Christian IV declares war on Sweden.

1826 — St. Petersburg protocol between Britain and Russia, respecting Greek problem on basis of complete autonomy of Greece under Turkish suzerainty.

1912 — Chinese Republic is proclaimed in Tientsin.

1919 — The Philippines demands its independence from the United States.

1942 — Japanese naval force sinks three British warships in Bay of Bengal in World War II.

1949 — North Atlantic Treaty is signed in Washington, D.C. by foreign ministers of the United States, Britain, France, Belgium, Netherlands, Italy, Portugal, Denmark, Iceland, Norway and Canada for mutual assistance against aggression in North Atlantic.

1960 — Sultan of Selangor becomes head of federation of Malaya.

1968 — Martin Luther King, U.S. civil rights leader, is slain in Memphis, Tennessee.

1969 — Doctors in Houston, Texas, implant first complete artificial heart in a 47-year-old man, who dies four days later.

1972 — The United States recognizes Bangladesh, formerly East Pakistan.

1977 — Zaire breaks off relations with Cuba, saying it has proof that Cubans aided rebels in Angola.

Previously unknown Peruvian guerrillas advocate violence

By Martin Andersen

LIMA, Peru (AP) — A commando-style raid in the Andes and a dynamite attack against the presidential palace have thrust a little-known guerrilla group into the fore of public attention in Peru.

The guerrillas call themselves Sendero Luminoso, Spanish for shining path, and say they stand for the revolutionary ideas of the late Chairman Mao Tse-Tung of China.

Their detractors say the likely effect of the group is to destabilize Peru's young civilian government and provoke another military coup, like the leftist military takeover of 1968.

"Sendero Luminoso... proposes armed struggle, from the countryside to the city, as the only way to achieve power," a spokesman for the group was quoted as saying recently in a Peruvian newspaper interview.

In a commando-style raid March 3 in the Andean Provincial capital Ayacucho southeast of Lima the targets were three police stations and a federal prison. Twelve people, including two policemen, were killed in the fighting, which lasted about an hour, and 247 prisoners were released.

In the attack on the presidential palace a week later, two sticks of dynamite were hurled by slingshot — an ancient Inca Indian weapon. The building was damaged but there were no human casualties.

After the attack in Ayacucho, the government of President Fernando Belaunde Terry decreed a 60-day state of emergency in the province, imposed a curfew and sent hundreds of police reinforcements into the area.

In an interview published by the tabloid newspaper *La Republica*, the Sendero Luminoso spokesman, identified only as comrade Pedro, a member of the group's national directorate, was quoted as saying the organization was behind some 2,100 recent terrorist acts in the country. His claim could not be independently confirmed with other sources.

In 1968, a socialist military group took power in Peru. Rightist military men took over in 1976, scrapping the original group's socialist measures. Civilian government was restored with elections in 1980 and political parties, of the right and left operate now.

As Peruvians were electing their first civilian government in more than a decade, Sendero Luminoso was sending militants into the countryside to begin organizing peasants and build a political-military cadre. comrade Pedro was quoted as telling *La Republica*.

As the year progressed, the account added, the guerrillas decided to unleash a "general offensive" against the new civilian government.

According to *La Republica*, comrade Pedro said the group grew out of a student movement of the late 1960s and traces its roots to the highly politicized campus of the University of Huamanga in Ayacucho.

He also was quoted as saying that Sendero

Luminoso, although Maoist, drew inspiration from uniquely Peruvian sources.

The *La Republica* account said these included the 18th century battles against the Spanish colonialists by Mestizo (mixed-race) leaders Juan Santos Atahualpa and Tupac Amaru and quoted comrade Pedro as saying their examples showed "how easily the peasant can be brought into the revolutionary war."

Peruvian historian Pablo Macera said the native culture of the Indian people of the Andes may provide fertile ground for a group that uses both the language of Marx and the rhetoric of the anti-Spanish revolutionaries.

Claims that Sendero Luminoso is backed by Cuba or perhaps financed by the country's powerful drug underworld has received much attention in the local press. The charges have not been substantiated.

Whatever the ideological or cultural underpinnings of the group, some believe Sendero Luminoso has now support among peasants and disaffected university students, particularly in the impoverished Ayacucho region.

A Peruvian intelligence official recently said that it was difficult for anti-terrorist police to put down the Sendero Luminoso threat in Ayacucho.

"These people come out shooting, retreat quickly, bury their guns, go home and the next day go to work," he said.

A number of human rights groups have charged that the police make late night house-to-house searches and have engaged in torture, making enemies of Ayacucho's peasantry.

Recently, Julio Cesar Gallindo, a parliamentary deputy from Ayacucho and a member of the governing popular Action Party, accused police of unleashing "a bloody persecution of peasants" in Ayacucho. Gallindo is a member of the chamber of deputies' human rights commission.

Political analysts also say the perceived ineffectiveness of Peru's opposition parties in channeling protest is a potential danger for the civilian government and a boon to those seeking change through more violent means.

Sendero Luminoso's sudden catapult into the limelight has also proved to be vexing for Peru's small left-wing parties. Before the March 3 raid, nearly all the country's leftist spokesmen condemned Sendero Luminoso, some of them calling it a "criminal" organization which should be repressed.

After the raid, some leftists called for the left to "open a critical dialogue" with Sendero Luminoso.

Arab News welcomes readers' contributions, particularly of a local aspect. If interested, please contact Dave Kaiser at 653-4743 or 653-2911, Jeddah.

Protests mark turning point

Traditionally calm, economically secure; economists worried by Luxembourg unrest

LUXEMBOURG, (R) — There are rumblings of discontent in the habitually calm Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, where new economic difficulties have prompted signs of industrial unrest.

About 30,000 of Luxembourg's 365,000 citizens took to the streets recently to demonstrate against government economic policies and what they see as an imminent threat to their traditionally high standard of living.

The march through the city of Luxembourg was peaceful, but it marked a turning point. This was the first time for 10 years that a mass demonstration had been held in the Grand Duchy.

Leaders of the Socialist OGBL Trade Union have suggested the demonstration might be followed by a general strike, something that has not been seen here for 60 years.

The immediate cause of the demonstration was the recent 8.5 percent devaluation of the Luxembourg franc and the unpopular emergency measures decided by the Liberal-Social Christian coalition government to accompany it.

"The devaluation was a major factor in the sudden mounting of social tension here. It was the decisive catalyst," Prime Minister Pierre Werner said.

Luxembourg vigorously opposed the Belgian government's decision to devalue, on which it said it was insufficiently consulted. But rather than break its 60-year-old monetary union with its more powerful neighbor, the Grand Duchy decided in the end to accept the Feb. 21 decision.

The move angered Luxembourgers, who felt they had been treated in cavalier fashion by Belgium. "This devaluation is a source of bitterness and even of trauma to Luxembourgers," Werner told parliament.

But worse was to come for the people of the Grand Duchy. The government decided that austerity measures were needed to protect the economy from the effects of devaluation.

A selective price freeze was imposed and the automatic linking of salaries to the retail price index suspended to curb what was seen as a serious threat of rapid inflation.

Luxembourg, whose border with West Germany, France and Belgium is only 356 kms (220 miles) long, is a small landlocked country whose economy is heavily dependent on imports. The cost of these will rise sharply as a result of the devaluation.

Werner said the devaluation had confronted Luxembourg with the possibility of seeing its inflation rate rise to about 13 per-



PENCIL HOLDER: This Brazilian native Indian has found a convenient place to keep his pencil, in a hole in his left ear lobe. As practical as it may seem, the novelty is not one that is expected to become popular.

Calcutta's urban chaos makes revival doubtful

By Rajendra Bajpai

CALCUTTA, (R) — Sprawling slums, mountains of garbage, a heavily overworked sewerage system, narrow lanes and the crawling pace of the overcrowded public transport system have reduced Calcutta to urban chaos.

The capital of British India until 1911 and famed for its Victorian buildings, Calcutta has deteriorated rapidly in recent years.

The Marxist government of West Bengal — Calcutta is the state's capital — is fighting a grim battle against heavy odds to save what has often been described as a dying city.

Prashanta Sur, vice-chairman of the Calcutta Metropolitan Development Authority (CMDA) and minister for urban development, says the city's problems are gigantic and solutions not easy to find.

For example, more than 2,500 tons of garbage accumulates here every 24 hours, and nearly 12,000 people are needed to remove it.

Sur, a former mayor whose job now is to lead the revival of the city, faces a daunting task.

Sur says virtually nothing has been done to improve the old sewerage system which was laid about 100 years ago and which is now incapable of coping with the pressure.

"We are trying to lay new sewerage lines wherever possible. But at places roads are too narrow and we fear if we dig them some of the old buildings might collapse," he said.

Officials say no major road has been built in the city, still flourishing as one of India's major trading centers, in nearly 50 years.

"The problems are enormous," Sur said.

adding that only six per cent of the city's land area has been turned into roads.

Calcutta's population, including those living in greater Calcutta across the city's Howrah Bridge, is estimated at nearly 11 million. About 2.5 million live in 3,000 officially registered slum areas.

For a visitor the first visit to Calcutta can be mind-boggling.

The traffic moves slowly — officials say the average speed is only about 10 km (six miles) per hour — and tens of thousands of hawkers crowd the pavements leaving little room for people to walk.

Ironically the start of the hunt in the gulf was delayed because there was too much ice.

On the front some 81,700 pups had been slaughtered. This is only two-thirds of the total quota, but an official of the Federal Fisheries Department said that prospects were "reasonable" that the landsmen would take the remaining third.

Protest groups have played a smaller part in this annual confrontation on the ice, although Greenpeace Foundation members managed to spray green dye on the coats of some 300 pups. They found however, that the real front on which to do battle was at Strasburg.

In Athens, meanwhile, the future looks brighter for the monk seals of the Aegean. The shy species has been endangered by a tourist invasion of its breeding grounds on Mediterranean beaches, but the Swiss Franz Weber Foundation has come up with new backing for two long-delayed projects to

In Canada, Greece Product ban, preserve assure seal survival

OTTAWA (Agencies) — The vote in the European Parliament to ban the import of seal products seems to have done its work even before it has been implemented by any community member.

The sealing vessels that arrived back in St. John's from their hunt off the coast of Labrador and north east Newfoundland — known as "the front" — found that the prices being offered for seal pelts were 40 percent lower than last year's average price of \$25 or prime price of more than \$55.

Bernhard Nygård, whose Carino Company buys two thirds of all the pelts in eastern Canada, made a clear connection. "Customers are scared because of the vote in the European Parliament. We're afraid we may lose our shirts."

It also seems likely that hunters will not reach their full quota, which was set by the federal government this year at 186,000 pelts, an increase of 16,000 over last year.

In the Gulf of St. Lawrence so far only 32,200 harp seal pups have been slaughtered out of a quota of 53,050. The large vessels finished hunting there a week ago, and the "landsman" who venture out in smaller boats are finding that the ice floes are already breaking away.

Ironically the start of the hunt in the gulf was delayed because there was too much ice.

On the front some 81,700 pups had been slaughtered. This is only two-thirds of the total quota, but an official of the Federal Fisheries Department said that prospects were "reasonable" that the landsmen would take the remaining third.

Protest groups have played a smaller part in this annual confrontation on the ice, although Greenpeace Foundation members managed to spray green dye on the coats of some 300 pups. They found however, that the real front on which to do battle was at Strasburg.

In Athens, meanwhile, the future looks brighter for the monk seals of the Aegean. The shy species has been endangered by a tourist invasion of its breeding grounds on Mediterranean beaches, but the Swiss Franz Weber Foundation has come up with new backing for two long-delayed projects to

rescue the monk seal from extinction — a marine park in the central Aegean and a series of seal reserves scattered through the eastern Aegean islands of Greece.

"We intend to launch an international seal protection campaign in April and get the practical work under way at once," William Johnson, the plan's British coordinator, said in a recent interview.

Naturalists say there may be fewer than 600 monk seals left in the Mediterranean. Left unprotected, they say, the species could disappear within a decade.

Known since Homer's day, the monk seal — so named because of its reclusive lifestyle — used to loaf on deserted beaches from the French Riviera to the Black Sea. But with mass tourism the once population took shelter along rocky coasts in the Dodecanese, a group of Greek islands in the southeastern Aegean between Turkey and Crete.

"Tourism has driven the seals away from their preferred breeding grounds on sandy beaches. Now they give birth in sea caves which reduces the chances of survival for their pups," Penny Marinou, a Greek environmentalist, said.

Monk seals are not hunted for their skins. Fishermen in Greece's Sporades islands, site of the projected marine park, claim the seals cause 1.5 million drachmas (\$25,000) damage every year.

"The Weber Foundation foresees paying regular compensation to the fishermen for lost catches and damaged nets," Johnson said. "At the same time, we'd like them to become guardians and also earn an income from taking visitors to watch the seals from a kind of buffer zone."

Lack of money and bureaucratic delays prevented the Sporades sanctuary from taking shape six years ago. But the Weber Foundation now has pledged \$500,000, while the European Common Market has agreed to contribute \$150,000 this year.

Environment minister Antonis Tritsis of Greece, promising close cooperation with the project, has moved against construction of a hotel planned for an unpaved bay on Samos Island which was declared a seal reserve by the previous government four years ago.



PLANE RESTAURANT: This plane, dating from the times of the Spanish Civil War, was placed on top of a restaurant in Plaenada, eastern Spain. The owners of the restaurant and several other businesses nearby say that it attracts a lot of customers.

Alarms still sound regularly

Three Mile Island frustrates neighbors

By Rick Kirkpatrick

MIDDLETOWN, Pennsylvania (AP) — Three years after the accident at Three Mile Island there still isn't enough money to clean up the nuclear power plant. People who live nearby are still frightened and angry about the slow pace of recovery.

The U.S. Congress is considering legislation to make money available to repair the damaged power plant, but the prospects are not good. And meanwhile, most major grants in the one billion dollar cleanup are more than a year away.

On the anniversary of the March 28, 1979 accident, protesters burned utility bills on the state capitol steps in nearby Harrisburg to register their frustration.

"That thing over there is still cooking," said Florence Kerns, who works in a coun-

try store near the plant's gate. "I'm always afraid every time the siren goes off... I just wish they'd get it cleaned up."

Beryl and Lewis Young, who live in a mobile home on a hill overlooking the plant, also worry when they hear the sirens wail and loudspeakers crackle at the plant. Some are drills. Some are not. Three low-level emergencies have been declared at the plant since January, with the latest coming several weeks ago. New small leaks have developed in the cooling system, but officials have said they posed no danger.

"Nobody comes up here and tells us whether to grab our stuff and go," said Mrs. Young. "They say there's nothing down there that can happen, but who knows what's down there."

The plant's owner: General Utilities

Corp., has struggled financially since the accident, the worst at a U.S. commercial reactor. GPU says it could be forced into bankruptcy if it doesn't get help to pay for the decontamination.

It also says it needs to restart the undamaged Unit 2 reactor on the island to pay its share of the cleanup. But a court suit and a still unsolved steam tube problem have delayed the unit's reopening by six months to a year.

Meanwhile, the cleanup at the damaged Unit 2 reactor proceeds slowly. The accident was triggered when a pressure relief valve in the Unit 2 reactor system stuck open for nearly 2½ hours, letting water escape from the primary coolant system.

Plant operators then misread their instruments and turned off high pressure emergency water systems that would have kept the core covered.

At various times during the accident as much as two-thirds of the 12-foot (3.64 meter) high core was without its cooling water shield. Estimates are that about 10 million Curies of radioactive Xenon and Krypton were released to the atmosphere during the accident.

Since then, new filtering and waste storage systems have been built, but inside the containment building, technicians have gotten only as far as removing radioactive water that spilled into the basement. About 600,000 gallons have been filtered and stored at the plant.

Congress has approved \$32.8 million in research and development funds through the Department of Energy and about a third of that is going directly to on-site efforts, said plant spokesman Doug Bedell. In addition, GPU has been spending \$300 million in insurance funds. Technicians have been spraying the interior walls of the containment building to wash off radioactive decontamination, he said. Tests are under way with a plastic coating that also will be applied to the walls and then scraped off and disposed of with other radioactive wastes.

The stiffest technical challenge, the mangled reactor itself, won't be faced until 1985, and the lack of money is delaying preparations for that task, Bedell said.

SELF-SERVICING

WRITTEN & DRAWN BY BILL CALDWELL

DRIVING METHOD

WARM ENGINE QUICKLY (A COLD ENGINE USES MORE FUEL) — DRIVE OFF IMMEDIATELY AFTER STARTING. USE THE CHOKE AS LITTLE AS POSSIBLE.

DRIVE GENTLY — AND WITH ANTICIPATION TO AVOID NEEDLESS STOPPING OR REDUCTION OF SPEED. AVOID HARD ACCELERATION ESPECIALLY

Divorce from 'institute' threatened

U.S., Soviet scientific contacts are scrutinized

By Bradley Graham

LAXENBURG, Austria (WP) — Roger Wets, an American, and Yuri Ermoliev, a Soviet, spend hours sitting and walking together in this village on the outskirts of Vienna. They are mathematicians, developing computer codes designed to help solve the world's food, energy and environmental problems.

Free of the tensions of their cold-warring governments, these two scientists — and colleagues working in similar fields — say that nowhere else in the world could they meet as they do here.

But the Reagan administration wants to bring the Americans home.

Crying spies, data leakage and one-way benefits for the Soviets, the administration wants to withdraw the United States from a unique, 10-year-old, detente-era institute here where about 100 scientists from East and West cooperate to seek solutions to problems that plague mankind.

The center, officially known as the International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis, is said by the people here to be the only full-time international interdisciplinary scientific facility in the world.

SENIOR CITIZENS? BAH!

STOP KILLING YOURSELF

Dear Dr. Steinrohn: I'm disappointed in you. Not in your medical column but on one important point. It's this:

About a year ago you expressed a dissatisfaction common to most of us readers who are over 65 years of age. You said we had good reason to be disturbed and pained by the expression "senior citizen." And you said you'd think about it and come up with some more suitable designation for us oldsters.

Have I missed it in one of your columns? If not, what's the answer? I curl up in disgust every time someone relegates me to that helpless segment of society — helpless against what I label name-calling.

Senior citizen? Bah! I wish you or your readers would come up with the answer. I'm tired of living with this disagreeable euphemism. Please, Dr. Steinrohn, do something about it! — Mrs. A.

Dear Mrs. A.: I'll try. However, I'll need help from my readers, young and old. "Senior citizen" must go!

A few thousand replies and suggestions may at last provide the welcome solution. I promise to spread the winning answer so millions can learn about it and properly bury "senior citizen."

I'll begin with my own suggestion. I looked up the definition of "citizen." One definition: "An inhabitant or denizen... A civilian, as distinguished from a soldier, police officer, etc."

Whatever our ages, aren't we all inhabitants of our cities and towns? Aren't we all easily distinguished from men or women in uniform? Why use "citizen"?

The other day youthful 70-year-old plunked down two dollars for a ticket to a college baseball game. (Regular price: four dollars for those under 65.) The young ticket-seller yelled out, for a long line of people to hear: "Are you a senior citizen?"

The licensed baseball fan told me later, "I could have punched him right in the nose, I hate to be called that."

I said, "Suppose he had asked if you were a senior? Would you have minded as much?" He replied, "Somehow that seems all right."

His answer fortified my belief that it's the word "citizen" that riles those over 65. Why not delete it? Amputate it? Bury it? Let's designate the elderly simply as "seniors."

The next time someone calls you a senior, Mrs. A., I'll wager you'll answer "Yep" without rancor, without a feeling of inferiority. Meanwhile, I'll be waiting for replies from readers. I'll be willing to surrender my own suggestion for a better one. Let's settle this — once and for all.

MEDICALETTES

(Replies to and from readers)

Dear Dr. Steinrohn: My young son has developed some trouble in his sight. He has what's called a "lazy eye." He's 10.

If it had been discovered earlier he would not have lost most of his vision in it. I wish I had known that children's sight problems can be discovered when they're very young. — Mrs. L.

Dear Mrs. L.: It's true. I've recently received some information from the University of Washington in Seattle, which states that researchers can now detect visual acuity problems in children three years of age and younger.

Parents should not think: "My child's too young to have an eye checkup" when an eye problem is present.

TOMORROW: Is son normal or hyperactive?

By Peter J.

Steinrohn

M.D., F.A.C.P.

Academy of Sciences, which holds the U.S. membership in the institute, passed a resolution last month saying it wants to stay in the program.

The facility was the outgrowth of an American initiative in 1966 when Lyndon Johnson called for the creation of an East-West institute to work on problems common to industrialized nations. Six years later, during the heyday of detente, it was opened in a handsomely renovated Hapsburg hunting lodge here. The renovation was a gift of Kreisky's government.

Today, the institute has 17 members, mostly NATO and Warsaw Pact countries, with the United States and the Soviet Union contributing the major portions of the operating budget.

The institute collects data and builds models designed to help governments make complicated decisions on projects affecting their economies and environments. Systems analysis being an intangible craft, the scientists here concede that it is hard to point to concrete products of their efforts.

The value of the institute, its defenders say, is the benefit of working at close quarters with the other side.

"We're not trying so much for break

throughs as for better understanding," said Peter R. Schiffrin, an institute spokesman, explaining that a major aim is reaching international agreement on a more factual means for decision-making in such fields as energy, pollution and ecology. "It's certainly not only the research that's important. It's personal contact and learning what makes the other side tick."

Reagan administration officials have not been impressed with either the concept of the institute or the quality of its work. In a letter this week to Frank Press, president of the National Academy of Sciences, Reagan's science adviser, George Keyworth, affirmed the administration's opposition to future participation in the institute, charging "Soviet abuse" and a "lack of reciprocity" in its programs.

Keyworth added, "it would be particularly inappropriate to continue our involvement in IIASA in light of other actions we have taken to show our displeasure about martial law in Poland."

U.S. security concerns grew last year after allegations in the European press that the institute's secretary, Arkady Belozero, was acting as a contact for a Norwegian double agent, passing information to the KGB, the Soviet espionage agency.

Belozero, the highest-ranking Soviet in the institute at the time, resigned shortly after the story broke and institute officials — stressing that nothing secretive or classified is done there — have sought to distance the facility from the affair.

Roger Levien, the institute's director at the time and now director of systems analysis at Xerox, said in a phone interview that the Soviets were "stupid" for using the institute as a cover.

"But I'm convinced," he said, "there's no national security threat from IIASA. In fact, it's the other way around. The national security interests of the world demand that the United States remain a member."

Institute officials say the center serves Western interests by exposing the Soviets to broader scientific influences and encouraging them to adopt a more rational — and thus more predictable — approach to major decisions.

C.S. "Buzz" Holling, a Canadian ecologist and the institute's current director, accused Reagan administration officials of showing an "abysmal ignorance" about the nature of the institute's work.

"I see them taking an essentially ideological point of view and criticizing specific one-way transfers without considering the multiplicity of the whole effort," he said. "If they're going to attack things like that, they're attacking the heart and essence of scientific inquiry."

Another Look

How to get rich and re-elected

By Robert Yoakum

endorse products, the way sports figures and movie stars do.

President Reagan, when an actor, did a testimonial for Van Heusen shirts. If the chief executive of the world's most powerful nation could hawk shirts en route to the Oval Office, why shouldn't a legislator do the same? He might join the boys during the game in one of those TV sports commercials, which would give him more status in certain circles than a masterful review of the hazards of nuclear proliferation. Or link up with ex-actress Martha Raye in plugging an adhesive that is guaranteed to hold those dentures in place during major speeches. Or make a light-hearted testimonial for gas heat or hot air heating systems that might both amuse the masses and pay college tuition for a year.

3. Most congressmen's wives lead busy lives, trying to take care of a family and their husband's social obligations at the same time. Even so, some of them take jobs in order to bring their income up to that of a medium level executive in show business.

But the jobs aren't imaginative or very lucrative. Why couldn't they, too, make TV commercials? Think how much detergent manufacturer would pay film Congressman Zlotnik's wife comparing her table linen with Nancy Reagan's, saying how hers was every bit as white as that in the White House because she uses Blitzen with blue bubbles.

Or she could explain to the druggist how lousy her husband feels all day on Capitol Hill, and the druggist could recommend Ameliorax for gentle relief of constipation, and she could return to the druggist and say what a difference Ameliorax made in the nation's laws because of how much better her husband was feeling.

And here, too, as with the other income-producing schemes listed above, there is no evidence that the average voter would have any objection. On the contrary, most Americans have a sneaking admiration for people who can fatten their wallets on the side.

So the congressman who makes commercials for television, and whose wife does the same, would probably end up healthy, wealthy, and regularly re-elected.

Wednesday April 7: Americans want tough candidates

MULTI-PURPOSE COMMUNICATION MADE EASY



And now several people can participate in a telephone conversation. At the same time.

A telephone amplifier is the perfect convenience for home or office. The automatic switching circuit lets several people talk and listen simultaneously. It makes conferences and family calls easy and enjoyable. And it's easy to use — when a call comes in, just press a button and talk. Have a meaningful telephone conference.

- Automatic Switching Circuit.
- Built-in Condenser Microphone.
- Mute Button.
- Slide Volume Control... and more.

KX-T1015B, KX-T1020B
EASA-PHONE
Speakerphone with Condenser Microphone.

• Hold for internal consultation or for transfer.

• Privacy of conversation on telephone and internal calls.

• Restriction of outward dialing.

• Combination of subscriber's telephone and automatic dialer in one.

• Automatic dialing (upto 30 stations) and manual direct dialing.

• Automatic re-dial up to 15 times when the called party is on busy.

National's modern multi-function communication systems.

Communication was important yesterday. Efficient and speedy communication is vital today. In any business, trade or profession.

It's time you switched to National's range of automatic key telephones — it is a complete, modern and efficiency-proven system.

- Hold for internal consultation or for transfer.
- Privacy of conversation on telephone and internal calls.
- Restriction of outward dialing.
- Combination of subscriber's telephone and automatic dialer in one.
- Automatic dialing (upto 30 stations) and manual direct dialing.
- Automatic re-dial up to 15 times when the called party is on busy.

VB-341FP, VB-820
The key to efficient communications
NATIONAL Automatic Key Telephones.



You don't have to dial anymore. This automatic dialer will memorise upto 60 telephone numbers.

Time is your most valuable asset. Save it. With National Easa-Phone automatic dialers, dialing becomes easy. Push a button. And your number is on the line, automatically.

National Easa-Phone automatic dialers can be used with most telephones. Rotary-dial and touchtone types.

- The National Easa-Phone can be connected to most types of telephones.
- Dial any of 60 numbers simply at a touch of the button.
- You can program up to 60 numbers of your choice. Each number can include up to 16 digits.
- Choice of two models for 32 numbers and 60 numbers... and more.

KX-T1225B, KX-T1235B
EASA-PHONE
Automatic Telephone Dialer 60 Stations (KX-T1235B) and 3-Speed Dialing.



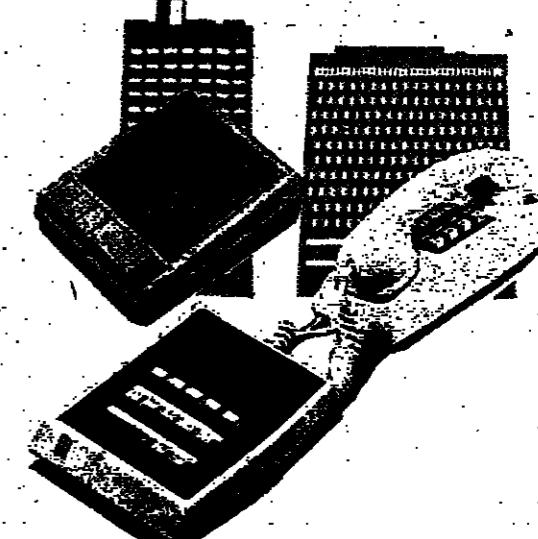
This messenger has a message. Listen to it.

"National makes your life easier. If you are going out, you can request a message from the caller. Or simply inform him that you are not at home".

- Double cassette system for incoming/outgoing messages.
- Soft-touch control buttons for easy operation.
- Monitor lets you listen to incoming message.
- Built-in microphone.
- Quick erase can work at the speed of Cue and Review in both directions... and more.

Install a National automatic answering system in your house or office.

KX-T1510B, KX-T1520B
EASA-PHONE
Microprocessor Double Cassette System for Incoming/Outgoing Messages.



National intercom systems for offices, hospitals and apartments.

The easiest way to locate a busy executive, doctor, nurse or just anyone in a big or multi-story building, hospital, hotel and shopping plaza. Apartment models let you talk to a visitor without opening the door. National's intercom systems bring convenience to your doorstep. And efficiency to your place of work.

- Loudspeaking type.
- Intercom with central exchange.
- Door intercom... and more.

VM-341, VL-215, VN-483.

INTERCOM SYSTEMS

Intercom systems to suit your own requirements.



M. JAMIL AL DAHLAWI CO.

MAKAH: 5747272, JEDDAH: 6424333, DAMMAM: 8326087,
RIYADH: 4026707 — KHOBAB: 8647840, TAIF: 7321425,
MEDINA: 8222632, KHAMIS MUSHAYT: 79249848.

22 killed in U.S. tornadoes

LITTLE ROCK, Arkansas, April 3 (Agencies) — At least 22 persons were killed and nearly 370 injured when a series of tornadoes struck the midwestern states of Texas and Arkansas, police said Saturday.

Within five hours Friday night 20 tornadoes killed 13 persons in towns in north, central and southwestern Arkansas, police said. Heavy damage to property throughout the state was reported. In the small northeastern town of Paris, Texas, at least nine persons were killed and 300 injured.

The states of Tennessee and Mississippi, to the east of Arkansas, were on the alert for further tornadoes. The national weather office described the death toll as the largest suffered in tornadoes since 1968.

Five persons in one family near the town of Hope in southwest Arkansas were killed when a tree crashed onto their home. At Richmond in southwest Arkansas the Neosho Paper Mill, one of the biggest in the world, suffered heavy damage.

Meanwhile, in Mexico, some 5,000 persons were still unaccounted as rescue workers searched villages isolated for five days by debris from the erupting El Chichonal volcano, authorities said.

The death toll stood at 15 but Chiapas officials said Friday more bodies may be found in areas cut off by the volcano. Five seriously injured villagers were evacuated by helicopter. Chiapas state Gov. Juan Sabines Gutierrez, who traveled with rescue teams, said he found survivors in despair.

The hot ash that El Chichonal continued spewing Friday forced Pichucalco, Mayor Manuel Barballo to close the town's jail and set free its 16 prisoners. The mayor said he feared the jail's roof would collapse from the weight of the ash, adding "at this time we have more important things to do than attend to delinquents."

Villagers who fled the area around El Chichonal volcano after a major eruption Monday and a weaker one Wednesday could be seen drifting back to their homes Friday.

CHINA ROSE RESTAURANT
中華玫瑰餐廳
جدة: شارع التكرونة
JEDDAH, AL-MAKARONA ST
Tel: 714133, 6714261, 6713605, 6713715

Mojave Desert witnesses massive military maneuver

MOJAVE DESERT, California, April 3 (AP) — A "violent and very rapid" assault with live ammunition was the scenario Saturday as the test of the United States Rapid Deployment Force focused on the 7th Marine Amphibious Brigade (MAB) in the Mojave Desert.

The live fire and maneuvering that will continue through Tuesday are part of Galant Eagle 82, a massive military exercise involving 40,000 personnel and tons of equipment. "I hope it will be very violent and very rapid," said Brig. Gen. Joseph B. Knotts, commander of the 7th MAB. He said the first day's assault included 53 tanks, 75-85 amphibious assault vehicles, 26 jet planes and 18 armed helicopters of two types.

Jets scanning low over the enemy positions with napalm and high explosive were called upon to open the assault. The idea is

to continue to refine the coordination among the various fire elements — tanks, planes, artillery, infantry," said 1st Lt. Terri Caputo, a 7th MAB spokeswoman.

Questions on safety have been asked often since the jump of 2,300 72nd airborne division paratroopers at Fort Irwin, 160 kms to the north, at dawn Tuesday. Four paratroopers died on the drop zone and a fifth died of injuries later. Another 151 were injured. Sixty-four remain hospitalized at Fort Irwin and at Fort Bragg, north Carolina, home of the 82nd.

The 7th MAB fought the 5th MAB Thursday and Friday in maneuvers similar to those held by the 82nd and the California Army National Guard's 40th infantry division (mechanized) at Fort Irwin. The Marines ended their force-on-force maneuvers Friday afternoon so the 7th could reposition for Saturday's assault against simulated enemy positions. Knotts said.

Reallocation of U.S. forces urged

HONOLULU, Hawaii, April 3 (AFP) — The commander of United States troops in the Pacific, Adm. Robert Long, has called for a "reallocation" of U.S. forces around the world and for air and naval reinforcements in his own region.

Speaking to journalists here Friday, Adm. Long said the Pacific "is no longer a benign area" now that the Soviet Union has deployed about one-third of its own conventional forces in the Far East.

He said Soviet naval and air strength was "much more than they need" for defensive

purposes. "My forces are spread thin," Adm. Long said, noting with satisfaction that President Ronald Reagan had recognized the importance of the Pacific region. Adm. Long said he hoped the reallocation would be a continuous process.

He referred to an American government project to increase the number of warships from 478 at present to 600 at the end of the decade. He also said he hoped to have more air power at advanced bases and that the two Pacific army divisions stationed in South Korea and Honolulu should be strengthened.

BRIEFS

ATHEN, (AFP) — A parcel bomb was safely defused in the compound of the United States Embassy here during the night, police reported. The apparently homemade bomb was found in outside water pipes by Greek security police guarding the embassy. On Wednesday night a bomb exploded near the residence of U.S. Ambassador Monteagle Stearns, causing damage but no injuries. Police said that attack was claimed by extreme leftists, the "People's Revolutionary Combat" group.

KATMANDU (AFP) — Vernon A. Walters, U.S. ambassador at large and adviser to Secretary of State Alexander Haig, left here for Sri Lanka Saturday "fully satisfied" with talks with Nepalese leaders during a four-day visit. Walters, on an eight-nation tour of South Asia, Europe and South Africa, met King Birendra and Prime Minister Thapa.

BANGKOK (AFP) — Four men, including a senior police officer, were killed and at least 20 others injured when two bombs exploded inside a boxing stadium here Friday night, the police said. The first bomb

exploded at about 9:00 p.m. (1400 GMT), and the second went off a few minutes later.

MOSCOW (AFP) — Soviet dissident Ivan Kovalev, 27, was sentenced Friday to five years deprivation of liberty after a three-day trial here. Tass news agency reported.

Kovalev was sentenced under the Soviet penal code banning "the production, detention and distribution of slanderous texts aiming to weaken Soviet power."

TOKYO, (AFP) — North Korean heir apparent Kim Jong Il may be given the No. 2 government post behind his father, President Kim Il Sung, at a three-day parliament session scheduled to open Monday in Pyongyang, diplomatic sources here said Saturday.

PEKING, (AFP) — A Chinese peasant killed his three-month-old baby girl because he wanted a boy instead. The Shanghai daily paper *Wenhui* said in a report reaching here Saturday, Wang Jintang, from Jiangsu province in East China, already had two girls when his wife bore a third baby girl last summer.

India backs Cyprus unity

NICOSIA, April 3 (AP) — Indian External Affairs Minister Narasimha Rao said Saturday India supports the unity, sovereignty, the territorial integrity and nonaligned status of Cyprus. Rao was speaking at a press conference here at the end of a two-day official visit to Cyprus, during which he held talks with Cypriot Foreign Minister Nicos Kolanidis on the Cyprus problem, bilateral and international issues.

"It will be our endeavor to further the cause of Cyprus as a unified country and in this respect whatever efforts are going on right now in pursuance of the U.N. resolutions and also the resolutions of the nonaligned movement, my country will support them," he said.

Both India and Cyprus, the east Mediterranean island which is divided between Turkish-Cypriot northern part and Greek-Cypriot southern part, are founding members of the nonaligned movement. Years-old talks have produced no progress toward a settlement of the dispute in the island.

Rao said nonaligned formulations on Cyprus contain provisions for the withdrawal of foreign troops from the island, adding that "India is opposed to the presence of foreign troops on any soil. Our views are in line with the nonaligned formulations and this is how we view this problem."

Rao indicated he will not meet with Turkish-Cypriot leaders saying he had learned of an invitation to visit the northern part of the island only after his arrival in Nicosia.

Japan war straggler said hiding in Guam

AGANA, Guam, April 3 (R) — United States Marines and police are searching for what police believe could be a Japanese straggler from World War II hiding in the hills of southern Guam, police said Saturday. They said a search team Friday found what appeared to be signs that a straggler might be hiding in the area of the U.S. naval magazine, an area overgrown with tropical vegetation.

Police major Vicente Munoz said the team found metal plates, pieces of rubber tire, a plastic thermometer, a length of twisted wire, strips of cloth and pieces of coconut fiber twisted into rope. Honorary Japanese consul James Shintaku said two islanders reported sighting two men with long hair and long beards in the jungle last October.

In the past, a number of former World War II Japanese stragglers have been found on Guam, scene of hard fighting in July 1944. Shintaku said 14,000 Japanese soldiers from the war were unaccounted for on this U.S. territorial island. The last Japanese straggler to be found was Shioichi Yokoi, who was discovered outside a cave in January 1972 by two villagers.

18 Indians blinded by quacks

NEW DELHI, April 3 (AP) — At least 18 persons lost their eyesight last month in operations by profiteering quack physicians using razor blades, the health minister of India's Rajasthan state said Saturday.

Minister K.L. Kanwar Singh told reporters that three of the bogus doctors have been arrested, others are sought by police and the affair is being investigated.

Unofficial reports said 39 persons lost their eyesight, the United News of India reported. Eleven persons went blind after being treated at an "eye camp" in Lalgarh.

British mutineers denied pardon

LONDON, April 3 (AP) — The British government refused Friday to pardon 191 World War II soldiers convicted of mutiny for refusing to march on the beach at the battle of Salerno in 1943. But it said the men, fiercely loyal members of Montgomery's 8th Army convicted in Britain's largest court-martial this century, were innocent of any cowardice and just wanted to stay with their own unit.

The Ministry of Defense was asked by members of parliament to reopen the case after the British Broadcasting Corp. aired a documentary on it Feb. 25. In the broadcast, veterans, some in tears, said their lives had been ruined by the convictions. Privates were sentenced to seven years in prison, corporals to 10 and three sergeants to death, but the sentences were all suspended.

Responding by letter Friday to legislator Alfred Morris, Jerry Wiggin, a defense undersecretary, said, "in no instance to my knowledge has the Ministry of Defense or the army ever remotely accused those concerned

in the first week of March, it said. Three bogus physicians were arrested two weeks later at a second camp in Rajakhera where seven more persons were blinded, the minister said. He said the victims were charged about 200 rupees (\$22 each) for their "operations."

Eye ailments, generally caused by malnutrition, are common in rural India. Outdoor eye clinics known as "eye camps" to help those suffering are organized from time to time by health authorities, charitable organizations and also private medical practitioners.

SAUDI-FRENCH JOINT VENTURE

We are seeking experienced persons for the following positions.

(a) TYPIST:

Fluency in Arabic and English essential. Good shorthand speed necessary. Typing speed 40 w.p.m. minimum.

(b) TRANSLATOR:

English/Arabic: must have a proven record in this field.

(c) OFFICE MANAGER:

Fluency in English essential, Arabic/French a definite asset. Must be fully conversant with all office procedures. It is unlikely that anyone with less than 10 years experience in a similar position will be adequately qualified for this position.

Apply for application form by telephoning
MR. E. ABD or MR. C. HALL on
Jeddah 6658837 or 6651432.

The Sanitaryware Specialist.

Well known as Saudi Arabia's leading supplier of high quality Sanitaryware, we have built up an unrivalled reputation for customer confidence. And in order to build on this reputation, we are constantly striving to improve our already excellent range of goods and services. Services which commence from the very moment of laying down the initial designs for your project.

In addition to preparing all plumbing, engineering and design work to consultancy standards completely free of charge, we'll take care of all your bills of quantity, assessments and estimates in respect of goods and execution of work.

Substantial quantities of goods are available in our Warehouses for distribution throughout the Kingdom, and our sister company is in joint venture with a German company specializing in the installation and laying of Sanitaryware and Electrical maintenance follow up.

TWYFORDS
BATHROOMS

Solahart

TERRAIN

Peglers

ROKAL
ARMATUREN

Prestex



ALKHAYYAT
for Trade & Refrigeration

SIRAJ KHAYYAT AND CO.
JEDDAH: Tel 6531139/6534971/6534975, P.O. Box 2892
RIYADH: Tel. 4038871/4038869, P.O. Box 3508
AL KHOBAR: Tel. 8640384, P.O. Box 2071
AL TAIF: P.O. Box 1476

CHALLENGING JOB OPPORTUNITIES

Haji Husein Alireza & Co. Ltd.

WE ARE A DYNAMIC, WELL-ESTABLISHED SAUDI COMPANY DEALING WITH AUTOMOTIVE, ENGINEERING, AND INDUSTRIAL/AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS OF INTERNATIONAL REPUTE. DUE TO OUR CONTINUING EXPANSION, WE NEED GROWTH-ORIENTED PEOPLE TO IMMEDIATELY FILL NEW VACANCIES:-

A. SENIOR APPOINTMENTS:

1. PROPERTY MAINTENANCE MANAGER

- Must have had experience in maintaining large office complex, hotel or hospital facilities.
- Must have had first-hand experience in air-conditioning, electrical and mechanical service/maintenance.
- Must be experienced in planning and operating security and janitorial services.

2. ENGINEERING SALES MANAGER

- Must have had sales management experience with a large commercial organization marketing generators, diesel engines, and allied products to industrial and agricultural users.
- Technical background necessary.

NOTE: Above positions are suitable for expatriates who have completed, or are nearing completion of, their contracts and are available for release.

B. LIAISON OFFICER/GOV'T. TENDERS

C. ADMINISTRATION / OFFICE COORDINATOR

D. PERSONNEL OFFICER

E. TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS

- Must have current experience in operating a modern 20-line CBX or similar telephone switchboard.
- Fluency in spoken Arabic and English required.

Apply in writing with detailed Curriculum Vitae addressed to:

MR. M. M. FITZGERALD,
GENERAL MANAGER,
Haji Husein Alireza & Co., Ltd.
P.O. Box: 40, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia.

F. SALES PERSONNEL

- Salesmen, fluent in Arabic and English, with current experience in selling light commercial vehicles and/or passenger cars.

ONLY QUALIFIED/EXPERIENCED APPLICANTS WILL BE CONSIDERED.

Haji Husein Alireza & Co. Ltd.

Following Falklands crisis

Crucial EEC parley postponed

BRUSSELS, April 3 (R) — Major talks on a long-standing row over money in the European Economic Community (EEC) have been postponed because of Argentina's invasion of the Falkland Islands.

This means that a deadlock over the issue of price rises for the EEC's eight million farmers could continue for several more weeks. After three days of inconclusive talks, EEC farm ministers agreed Friday to freeze their discussions until the next meeting.

The foreign ministers of the 10 EEC states had been due to meet in Luxembourg Saturday to discuss Britain's demands for cash rebates on its contributions to the EEC budget.

But the Belgian chairman canceled the talks after British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington, whose presence at the meeting was vital, told his EEC partners that he could not attend because of the Falkland Islands crisis. No new date was fixed for the ministers to tackle the issue, which has brought community business to a virtual standstill for months and provoked bickering between Britain and France.

EEC ambassadors were to meet Saturday to try to fit a new meeting on the budget into foreign ministers' crowded schedules, but enthusiasm for a discussion of the issue

appeared to be waning as attitudes by Britain and France hardened.

Britain claims that its net contribution to the budget is far too big, but France has refused to countenance large compensatory payments to London.

Diplomats had predicted that the Luxembourg talks would swiftly reach stalemate after the French government effectively torpedoed compromise proposals put forward by EEC Commission President Gaston Thorn and Belgian Foreign Minister Leo Tindemans.

Britain has said it will veto any farm price rises, which should have been agreed by April 1, unless the other countries meet its demands.

This week's meeting of ministers made some progress toward agreement and there

had been hopes that an outline accord could have been presented to the foreign ministers. But this will now have to wait until next week at the earliest.

Agriculture ministers' talk centered on proposals that would give price increases averaging 10.5 percent to the community's eight million farmers.

France had initially demanded a higher increase while Britain wanted to keep the rise to single figures to limit spending on the EEC's common agricultural policy spending, which accounts for about two-thirds of the community budget.

Agriculture ministers are next scheduled to meet on April 20, with the budget dispute probably still unresolved and with the farmers' lobby increasingly restive about obtaining overdue price rises for their products.

Danish economy looking up

COPENHAGEN, April 3 (AFP) — The Danish economy would make a modest upswing in 1983, in line with the Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) members, Economy Minister Ivar Noergaard said when presented the government's economic outlook.

Noergaard said Friday he foresaw a five percent expansion of Denmark's foreign trade mainly as a result of the expected economic upturn among Western industrialized nations in 1983. Denmark's competitive position abroad, however, would remain constant.

Gross national product was expected to rise by 3.5 percent in 1982 compared to 1981. Inflation will be reduced to a rate of 9.5 percent from 1981's rate of 11.34 percent.

The average unionized worker's wage will increase by 11.5 percent to 12 percent in 1982 compared to 1981. This will yield a rise in real income by 0.5 percent. Wage increases in Denmark are expected to be somewhat higher than the predicted OECD average.

Unemployment will hover around 10 percent of the workforce, slightly higher than in 1981.

Current account balance of payments deficit will be about 15,000 million kroner (\$1.875 million) in 1982, compared to about 13,000 million kroner (\$1.625 million) in 1981.

Noergaard stressed the government has planned to devalue the Danish currency now

despite recent downward pressures on the French franc. Denmark has given up the policy of so-called defensive devaluation as a means of improving the country's competitive position abroad, the minister said.

The European Monetary System (EMS) refused Denmark permission to devalue its currency by seven percent at the last EMS round in February.

Hungary may join IMF next month

WASHINGTON, April 3 (R) — Hungary, seeking to maintain its reputation as Eastern Europe's most creditworthy country, could become a member of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) by early next month, monetary sources here say.

The IMF executive board has sent a memorandum to the fund's 145 member countries asking them to vote by May 3 on whether Hungary, which applied for membership last November, should be allowed to join.

The sources said Friday that if approval were granted, a formal agreement between the East bloc country and the IMF could be completed before the fund's steering group, the interim committee, meets in Helsinki May 10.

The sources said the United States favored allowing Hungary to join the IMF despite its Communist bloc affiliation, although the issue has been widely debated within the

East bloc seen facing bleak future

BRUSSELS, April 3 (R) — NATO experts said the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe faced a bleak economic future in the 1980s.

The prediction was in a statement at the end of a NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organization) seminar Friday on the European states in the Communist trading bloc Comecon.

The consensus among more than 150 experts at the three-day meeting was that Comecon would face continuing food shortages, growing debts and possibly tougher political repression.

A detailed forecast foresaw a marked reduction in growth rates in the seven countries owing to slower growth of labor supply, lower rates of investment, ageing of capital stock, productivity problems and high defense spending.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

Net indebtedness for the six other European Comecon countries — Poland, East Germany, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Romania and Bulgaria, was predicted to go up from \$5.6 to \$6.8 billion in the same period, a 20 percent decline in real terms.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

Net indebtedness for the six other European Comecon countries — Poland, East Germany, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Romania and Bulgaria, was predicted to go up from \$5.6 to \$6.8 billion in the same period, a 20 percent decline in real terms.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

Net indebtedness for the six other European Comecon countries — Poland, East Germany, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Romania and Bulgaria, was predicted to go up from \$5.6 to \$6.8 billion in the same period, a 20 percent decline in real terms.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in 1985, due to financing the Siberian gas pipeline.

The seminar forecast that Soviet hard-currency indebtedness would grow from \$9.4 billion in 1980 to \$20 billion in

With Dantley, Griffith in full cry

Kings dance to the Jazz tune

Seattle 111, San Antonio 86.

76ERS 135, Cavaliers 115: This year's edition of the 76ers is a far cry from that crew of 11 seasons ago — especially with the return of Darryl Dawkins. The Philadelphia center, who missed 28 games with a broken leg, played 31 minutes, scored 12 points and had 11 rebounds, three blocked shots and four assists against Cleveland, his best performance since returning to action seven games ago. Bobby Jones scored 22 points and Lionel Hollins 18 as the 76ers handed Cleveland its 10th consecutive defeat. James Silas of the Cavaliers had 31.

Bucks 114, Bulls 105: Brian Winters got hot down the stretch, scoring seven field goals in the final five minutes — including six consecutive jump shots — to lead the Bucks past Chicago. Before that burst, he'd managed only three baskets. Milwaukee won its fourth in-a-row and the Bulls dropped their fourth straight. Marques Johnson and Mickey Johnson hit 24 points apiece and Winters got 20 for the Bucks. Ronnie Lester had 17 for Chicago.

Celtics 110, Hawks 107: Larry Bird scored 30 points, two on free throws that broke a 107-107 tie in the final closing minute. Kevin McHale grabbed a key rebound and sank a foul shot to give Boston victory over Atlanta.

Eddie Johnson of the Hawks had a chance to clinch the lead with two free throws three seconds from the end. But he missed the first shot, then missed the second intentionally, hoping the Hawks would get the rebound. McHale got it instead, was fouled and sank a free throw.

Kansas City 112-107: Mike Woodson, Larry Drew and Steve Johnson scored 23 points apiece for Kansas City.

Elsewhere in the NBA it was Philadelphia 135, Cleveland 115, Milwaukee 114, Chicago 105, Boston 110, Atlanta 107; New Jersey 98, Washington 96; Phoenix 109, Los Angeles 99; Denver 127, Portland 121, and

Philadelphia 76ers 111.

Nets 98, Bullets 96: Albert King scored with five seconds to play and gave the Nets victory over the Bullets, solidifying New Jersey's hold on a playoff berth and weakening Washington's. Washington had an opportunity to send the game into overtime but Kevin Grevey missed an 18-footer at the buzzer. Ray Williams of the Nets led all scorer with 27 points, 12 in the fourth quarter. Ray Ballard paced the Bullets with 18.

Suns 109, Lakers 99: Phoenix, overtaking Los Angeles in the final six minutes with a 13-2 scoring burst, moved one game ahead of idle Golden State in the battle for the sixth and final Western Conference playoff berth. Dennis Johnson scored 25 points and Truck Robinson added 19 for the Suns. Walter Davis, who had 17 points, scored three consecutive baskets in the final charge for the Suns. Jamal Wilkes led the Lakers with 23 points.

Nuggets 127, Blazers 121: Denver ran its winning streak to 12 in-a-row as Kiki Vandeweghe scored 27 points and Alex English and Dan Issel hit 23 apiece. Portland, falling 3½ games behind the final playoff berth, was led by Mychal Thompson's 27 points and Calvin Natt's 26.

Sonics 111, Spurs 86: Seattle moved within 2½ games of the first-place Lakers in the Pacific Division by pounding San Antonio, whose Midwest Division lead over Denver shrank to one-half game. Gus Williams pumped in 33 points and Jack Sikma added 20 for the supersonics. George Gervin led San Antonio's attack.

PAU, France, April 3 (AFP): France's Lucien Rodriguez easily retained his European heavyweight title here Friday night, beating Yugoslavia's Mikan Popovic on points.

After six reasonably even rounds, the Frenchman went into top gear in the seventh and the last three rounds were all a one-way traffic.

The exhausted Popovic even picked up two warnings in the final rounds but finished courageously on his feet.



Lucien Rodriguez ... outpoints Popovic.

Rodriguez keeps European crown

PAO, France, April 3 (AFP): France's Lucien Rodriguez easily retained his European heavyweight title here Friday night, beating Yugoslavia's Mikan Popovic on points.

After six reasonably even rounds, the Frenchman went into top gear in the seventh and the last three rounds were all a one-way traffic. The exhausted Popovic even picked up two warnings in the final rounds but finished courageously on his feet.

Meets Tottenham in Cup final

Lucky goal takes Rangers past Bromwich

LONDON, April 3 (R): First Division Tottenham Hotspur and Queen's Park Rangers of the Second Division set up an all-London final of the English Football Association (F.A.) Cup with victories in the semifinals.

Spurs kept up their bid for three major titles as Garth Crooks converted a 58th minute pass from Argentine Osvaldo Ardiles to put them on course for a 2-0 triumph over Second Division Leicester. An own goal by Ian Wilson ensured victory.

Rangers, meanwhile, outplayed First Division West Bromwich Albion for most of the match and were rewarded with a 69th minute goal from Clive Allen which gave them a 1-0 victory. The final is scheduled at Wembley on May 22.

In the First Division, Liverpool remained top on goal difference after their 1-0 win at

home over Notts County Friday night. But Ipswich are level on points following a 1-0 home win over Coventry Saturday. With 60 points each, they are the two clubs most likely to be battling for the championship over the rest of the season. Southampton remained in contention with a 1-1 draw against Brighton which left them one point behind the top two.

Swansea did not play Saturday and are fourth with 56 points. Manchester United and Arsenal both lost ground with away draws, United 0-0 at Leeds and Arsenal 1-1 at Wolverhampton. Each has 55 points.

Spurs and Leicester clashed on neutral ground at Villa Park, Aston Villa's Birmingham home, and the underdog midlands side held their rivals scoreless until well into the second half.

Argentine Ardiles had a nervous start giving the ball away early and being booed

loudly by Leicester's fans whenever he touched the ball. But he made up for that uncertainty when he collected Glen Hoddle's corner on the edge of the box and passed across to Crooks, who had plenty of time to score from six meters. Wilson then cost Leicester whatever chance they had left by turning the ball into his own net with 15 minutes remaining.

In the other semifinal at Highbury, London, Albion's Andy King got the ball in the net early on but the effort was disallowed for offside. Cyrille Regis was occasionally dangerous, but Rangers operated an effective offside trap and their counterattacks often had Albion's defense in confusion.

Bob Hazell did an increasingly fine job of marking Regis and Albion looked less and less likely to break through, but it was a freak goal which broke the deadlock. Alistair Robertson tried to clear a cross in his own area but hacked it against Allen and saw it rebound past keeper Mark Grew. Despite

their display, Rangers will not be given much chance against holders Spurs, who are also going for the league title and the European Cup Winners' cup.

Ipswich moved up without showing any of their usual sparkle against Coventry and their tame victory was decided by John Wark's 32nd minute goal. Keeper Paul Cooper saved them with some sparkling saves in the second half. Brighton took the lead over Southampton with a penalty by Neil McNab, but Kevin Keegan's 25th goal of the season after 65 minutes got his side a point.

Manchester United should have had more than a point against Leeds. Steve Coppell hit the bar twice and forced the rival goalkeeper

to save brilliantly with a powerful drive. Paul Davis got Arsenal's equalizer against Wolves, while in the other First Division matches Everton beat Nottingham Forest 1-0, Westham beat Manchester City 1-0 and Middlesbrough beat Sunderland 2-0.

In Scotland, both Cup semifinals ended in draws. Second division Forfar live to fight again after a goalless draw against mighty Rangers at Queens park. Forfar looked suspect only when Gordon Dalziel hit the bar with a header for Rangers after 16 minutes and might have won in the closing seconds when Brash was just wide with a header.

They replay on Tuesday night but the winners will not know their opponents in the final until Wednesday, when Aberdeen and St. Mirren clash again after their 1-1 draw. St. Mirren went ahead in the 61st minute through Frank McDougal but Gordon Strachan equalized five minutes later with a penalty.

In the Premier Division, Celtic extended their lead to six points with a 1-1 draw against Morton, while Hibernian and Dundee United had 2-0 wins over Airdrie and Dumbreck respectively.

Chelsea's surprise move

Meanwhile, English football circles were shocked to learn Friday night that Chelsea, the Second Division Soccer club, has been sold by Viscount Chelsea.

They have faced increasing financial difficulties ever since they built a huge new grand stand several years ago. The buyer is the vice-chairman of Fourth Division Wigan Athletic, Kenneth Bates. At present it is not known whether Bates will take over as chairman of the Chelsea board from Viscount Chelsea.

Scott runs fastest mile in Auckland

AUCKLAND, April 3 (Agencies): Steve Scott of the United States Saturday ran the fastest mile ever, clocking 3 minutes 31.25 seconds in winning a race down Auckland's main street.

The time, set on a downhill course dropping 200 feet (60 meters), will not be recognized internationally. All world records must be set on an official track. Scott had predicted a winning time of about 3 minutes 40 seconds and said after the race that he was amazed at his time. The official world record is held by Sebastian Coe of Britain at 3 minutes 47.33 seconds.

Mike Hilliard of Australia was second in 3 minutes 32.2 seconds, Ireland's Ray Flynn third in 3 minutes 32.75 seconds and John Walker of New Zealand fourth in 3 minutes 33.93 seconds. Christine Hughes of New Zealand won a women's race over the same course in four minutes 3.13 seconds.

Meanwhile, Ranger Junior College blazed to a national record in the distance medley relay and Bay Paul Montgomery ran the fastest 400 meter hurdles by a Southwest Conference performer in history Friday night in the 55th annual Texas relays.

Ranger's run of 9:46.41 topped the six-year old national JC mark of 9:50.8 by Fullerton (California) JC. Montgomery came from behind to beat Texas' Karl Smith in the 400 meters hurdle invitational. The winning time of 49.79 beat the previous SWC best of 49.84. Smith came second in 50.3.

"I've got a bad habit of getting a late start," said Montgomery, a junior at Baylor. "I ran a dumb race and almost paid for it." Montgomery added "Smith went out so fast I thought he would die. He did on the last hurdle."

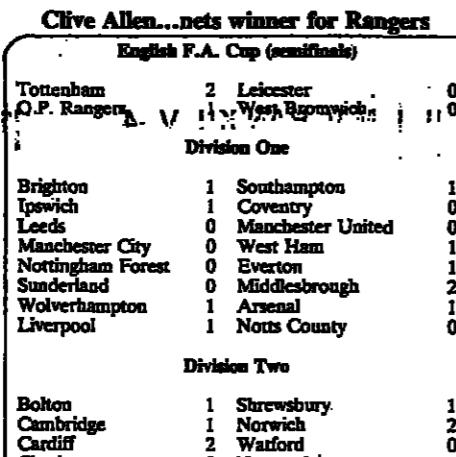
Rice set a record in winning the college distance medley and Oklahoma State, running in the preliminaries, established a new standard in the 800 meter relays.

Rosberg sets best time

LONG BEACH, California, April 3 (AP): Keke Rosberg of Finland, driving a Sauber-Williams, raced to the provisional pole position Friday for the Toyota Grand Prix of Long Beach.

The 33-year-old driver, in his first season with the British-based team of Frank Williams, toured the revised 2.13-mile (3.43 km) course through the streets of Long Beach at an average speed of 86.570 (139.317 kph) on the fastest-timed lap of the day.

Grittar bags steeplechase



Clive Allen...nets winner for Rangers

English F.A. Cup (semifinals)

Division One	
Tottenham	2
Q.P. Rangers	1
V.W. Bromwich	0
Division Two	
Brighton	1
Ipswich	1
Leeds	0
Manchester United	0
West Ham	1
Nottingham Forest	0
Everton	1
Sunderland	0
Middlesbrough	2
Wolverhampton	1
Arsenal	1
Liverpool	1
Notts County	0
Bolton	1
Shrewsbury	1
Cambridge	1
Cardiff	2
Charlton	0
Newcastle	1
Aldershot	1
Port Vale	2

English Soccer results

Bournemouth		Blackpool	0
Bradford	1	Tranmere	1
Hull	2	Hereford	1
Wigan	2	York	3
Wrexham	1	Harpenden	2
Derby	0	Stockport	1
Barnsley	3	Rochdale	1
Division Three		Colchester	1
Brentford	1	Sheffield United	4
Bristol Rovers	0	Queens Park	1
Burnley	3	St. Mirren	1
Carlisle	2	Forfar	0
Chesterfield	0	Aberdeen	1
Coventry	1	Dundee	2
Doncaster	1	Middlesbrough	2
Exeter	3	Airdrieonians	0
Preston	2	Dundee United	2
Southend	3	Morton	1
Swindon	1	Celtic	1
Walsall	5		
Plymouth	1		
Newport	2		
Division Four			
Aldershot	1		

In World Cup Soccer

Hungarians to play it tough, not rough

BUDAPEST, April 3 (AP): Hungary's soccer team shows signs of emerging from a long period of oblivion in time to recapture some of its old glories in the World Cup in Spain.

Gone are the days of Ferenc Puskas, the "galloping major," who with Sandor Kocsis formed the most dreaded twin attacking spearhead in European soccer in the early 1950s. But after a disappointing performance in the last World Cup in Argentina in 1978, the Hungarians have regained confidence.

They face an unusually tough training schedule before going to Spain.

Hungary sees national prestige at stake in the World Cup. "We expect our players to live and work responsibly, with the World Cup in mind, so that this country can stand its ground honorably in Spain," said Gyorgy Szepesi, president of the Hungarian Soccer Association.

Hungary was a clear winner of the five-team Group Four in the European qualifying zone. It had a long winning run and was sure of top place before losing 1-0 to England at Wembley Stadium last November. That win gave England an unexpected place in the finals. Critics said Hungary didn't need to win and was happy to qualify anyway — but everyone agreed the Hungarians were not in their best form.

These are some of the players likely to represent Hungary: Ferenc Mesaros, goalkeeper, who plays for sporting Lisbon in the Portuguese League. Many rate him the outstanding figure in the Hungarian team.

In Greensboro Open

Denis Watson baffles seasoned golfers

prestigious masters, were Weibring, Fuzzy Zoeller, Keith Fergus, Hal Sutton, Wadkins, Doug Black and Jim Thorpe.

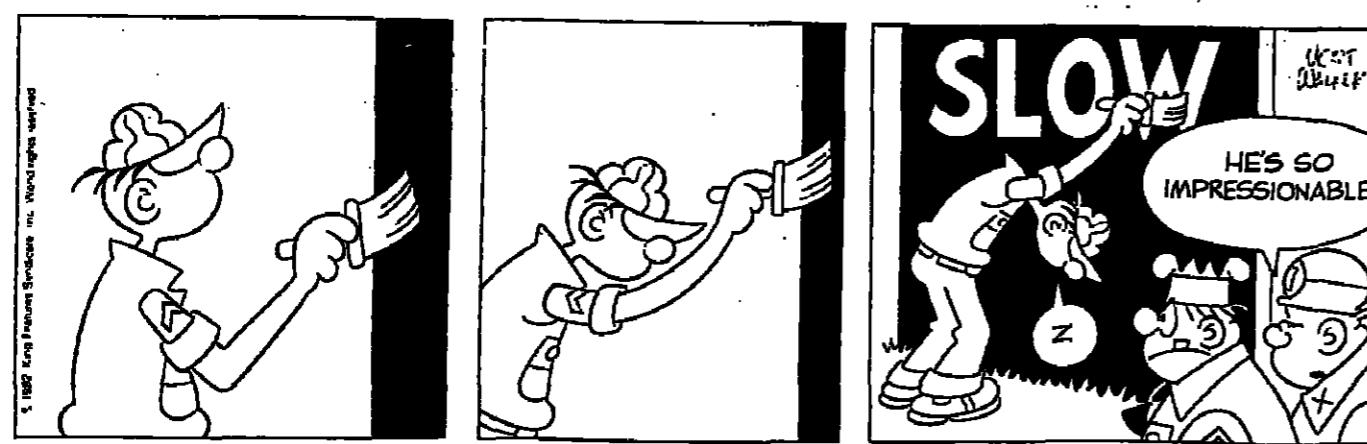
Weibring, a strong, third-place finisher last week, shot a 68. Fergus, who shared the first-round lead with Edwards, went to a 73. Ladkins closed up with a 67. Thorpe and Zoeller had 68s. Sutton 69 and Black 70.

Gary Player of South Africa shot 73-145 and Bill Rogers, last season's player of the year, was 74-143. Lee Trevino and Larry Nelson, the current PGA title-holder and defending champion here, were at 147, one shot too high to qualify for the final two rounds.

Watson, now a resident of South Africa, took a round-about route to reach the American PGA tour. "I had to leave Rhodesia (called Zimbabwe since its independence) to find out if I was good enough to

play the tour, which was always my dream," Watson said.

BETTE BAILEY



DENNIS the MENACE



DUNAGIN'S PEOPLE



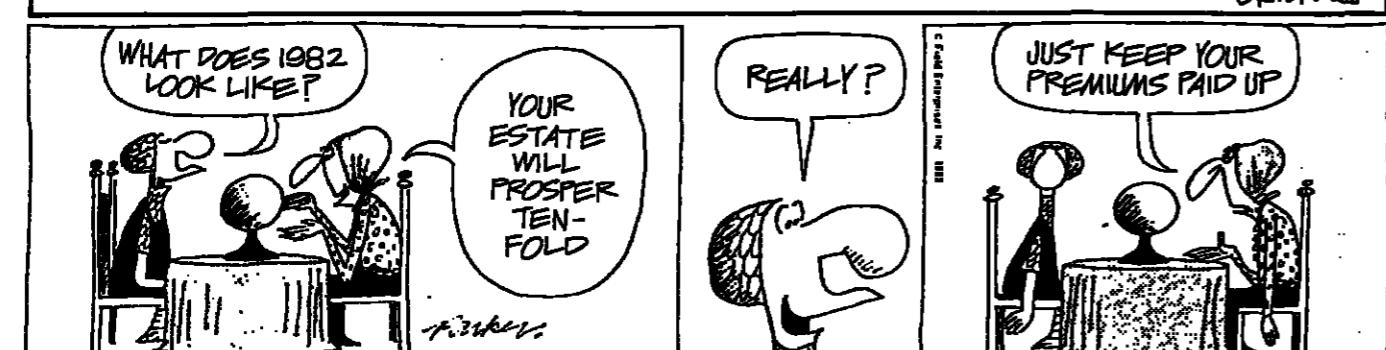
FOR BETTER OR FOR WORSE



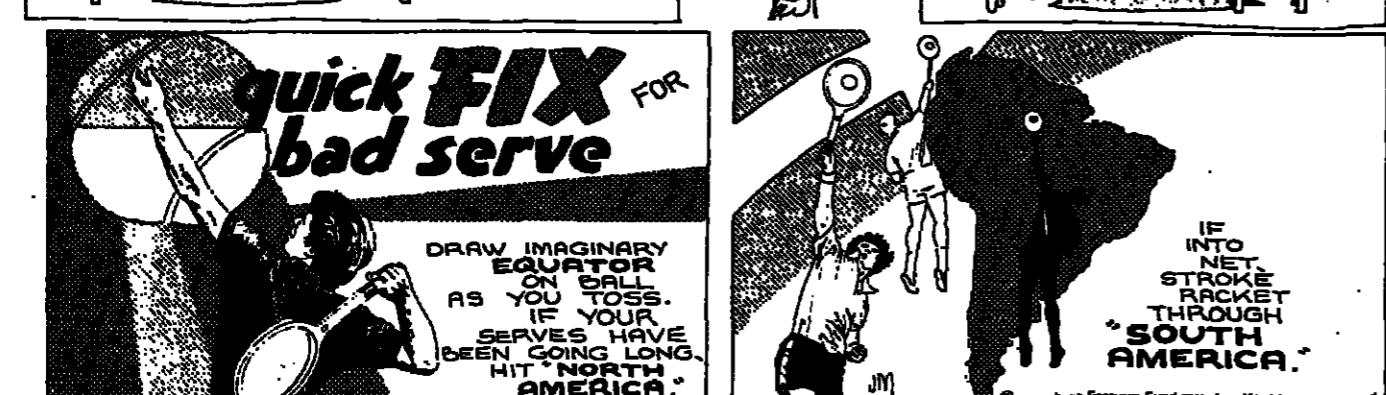
BLONDIE



HAGAR



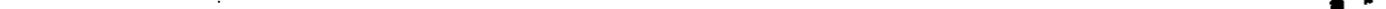
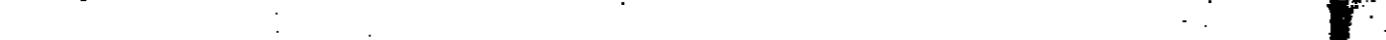
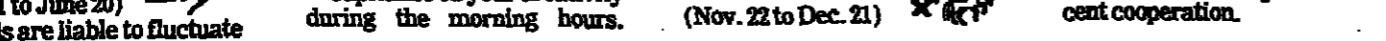
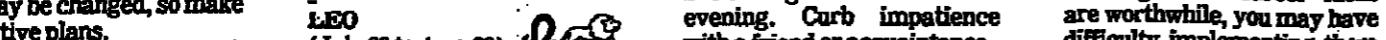
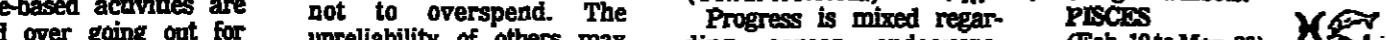
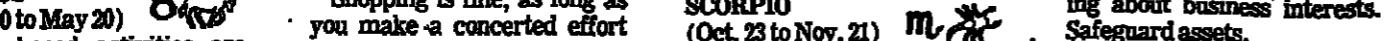
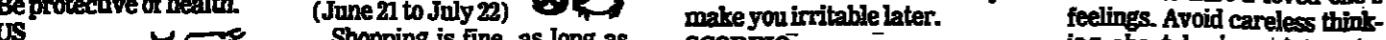
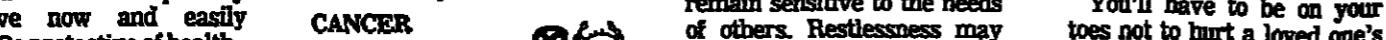
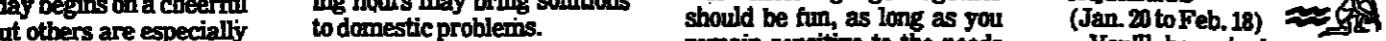
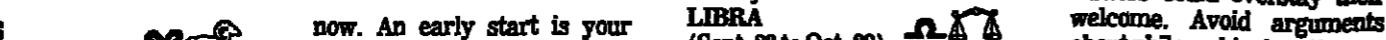
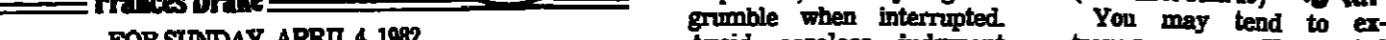
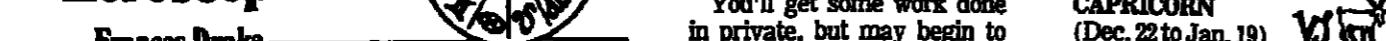
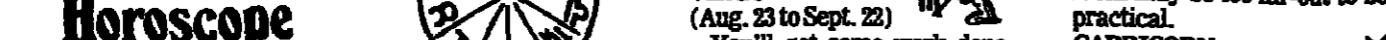
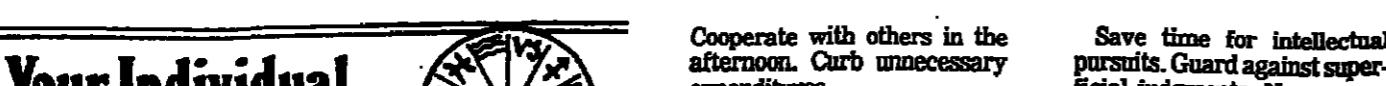
SMALL SOCIETY



WIZARD



SMITH'S TENNIS CLASS



WARE HOUSES for RENT
TEL: 6693423/6
JEDDAH
• INSULATED
• DUST PROOF
• RAIN PROOF

An opportunity for Investment

The owner of a plot of land, situated in a strategic position in Jeddah, is interested in working out an investment deal with interested party/ or parties. The area of the land is 625 square meters and is bounded by:

1. A 30-meter-wide street
2. A 20-meter-wide street

For further details, contact Mr. Osama Almahmoudy
Tel: 4774481 Riyadh Between 9 A.M. - 1 P.M.

REQUIRED

FOR SAUDI AMERICAN CONSTRUCTION CO.
WITH U. S. MANAGEMENT.

1. PROJECT MANAGERS
BSCE or equivalent degree mandatory.
2. CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS
BSCE or equivalent degree mandatory.
3. PROJECT SUPERINTENDENTS
BSCE or equivalent degree desirable.
4. DRAFTSMEN
with excellent shop drawing experience.

Excellent salaries and conditions of service. All candidates must have a minimum five years experience in similar positions and transferable Iqamas.

Write in the first instance with comprehensive resume to:
P. O. BOX NO. 1237 - RIYADH.

NAGADI PREFORMED CONCRETE CO.



MANUFACTURING PRECAST PANELS, READYMIX, REINFORCED & UNREINFORCED CONCRETE PIPES SIZE 300 MM - 2000 MM BLOCKS: HOLLOW, SEMICLOSED, SOLID, PAVEMENT AND INTERLOCKING BLOCKS. ACCORDING TO SAUDI AND INTERNATIONAL STANDARD.

RIYADH: YANBU:
TEL: 495-0111 / 495-3675 TEL: 04-3221245 / 04-3223022
TELEX: 202614 NAGADI SJ TELEX: 461026 NAGADI SJ
P.O. BOX 630 P.O. BOX 24



THE BEST WAY
TO PRESERVE YOUR
INVESTMENT IS TO
MAINTAIN IT.

- * Cleaning and maintenance services
- * Commercial buildings
- * Airports
- * Hospitals
- * Compounds
- * Houses
- * Technical services
- * A/C
- * Plumbing
- * Mechanical
- * Electrical
- * Painting

Electrolux
SAUDI SERVICES LTD.

P.O. Box 7210, Riyadh. Tel. (01) 464-1014, 464-8896, 464-3424
P.O. Box 3199, Jeddah. Tel. (02) 667-4169, 667-4173, 682-6754

FOR RENT

TWO LUXURY VILLAS(DUPLEX) IN SULAYMANIA

SWIMMING POOL, CENTRAL A/C, AMERICAN KITCHEN CABINETS
WORDROBES, SEPARATE ENTRANCES & CAR PARKS, MANY MORE.
FOR FURTHER DETAILS CONTACT 461874 - 1649133

*Bonbonniere
Chocolates
Gifts*

Patchi

Jeddah: Airport Street, Abdel
Aziz Kaaf i Bldg., Tel: 6313826.
Medina: Gobah Str., Tel: 8243800.
Riyadh: Al Olia, Al Salasin Str.,
Tel: 4659768.

FOR SALE

DEMAG HC 120, 50 TON TRUCKMOUNTED
HYDRAULIC CRANE 1979 MODEL,
FEW HOURS, EXCELLENT CONDITION.

20 DORSEY 40 FT. FLATBED TRAILERS
IN "AS NEW" CONDITION.

CALL JUBAIL 03 361 3370/03 361 2689
OR TELEX 631091

**AL HAJRY
COMPANY**
FOR POLYSTYRENE
INSULATION MATERIAL
(FLAME RETARDANT)
POTABLE-WATER
(PURE AND FINEST QUALITY)
AND ICE BLOCKS

OUR LOCATIONS
(HEAD OFFICE)
ALHAJRY COMPANY

ALHAJRY BUILDING NO. 1
POST OFFICE ROAD, DAMMAM

ALHAJRY INSULATION INDUSTRIES
DAMMAM OLD INDUSTRIAL AREA.

ALHAJRY ICE &
SWEET WATER FACTORY
ON THE MAIN ROAD AT SIHAT

POLYSTYRENE FACT: 857-5493
ICE & SWEET WATER: 856-1234

EXPANDED POLYSTYRENE - ICE BLOCKS - SWEET WATER
BULK QUANTITY - REASONABLE PRICE AND PROMPT SERVICE

ALHAJRY COMPANY
P.O. BOX 500 DAMMAM SAUDI ARABIA TELEX: 601024 HAJRY SJ

OUR
NEW
NUMBERS
HEAD OFFICE
827-2475
826-9205

GUESS WHO'S COMING TO DINNER



Flies are Disease-Carriers

DON'T RISK IT
Call CIBA-GEIGY



PEST CONTROL

JEDDAH:
P.O.BOX: 5513
TEL: 6824561, 6821066
TELEX: 403433

RIYADH:
P.O.BOX: 5770
TEL: 4918225, 4760179
TELEX: 201588

DAMMAM & JUBAIL:
P.O.BOX: 1599
TEL: 8428586

مكتب من التأمين

WANTED

PURCHASING SUPERVISOR

By Riofinex Geological Mission. Applicants should be fluent in both written and spoken English and Arabic and preferably have some previous experience in this field. Priority will be given to Saudi nationals.

Please write to P.O. Box 3880, Jeddah
or Telephone Jeddah 6602902 or 6602906

WANTED

EXPERIENCED SHEET METAL
WORKERS FOR DUCT FABRICATION.

CONTACT: TEKLIMA SAUDI ARABIA LTD.
TEL: 6657660 - 6691681
BETWEEN 5 P.M. AND 7 P.M.

WANTED

SALES MANAGER

An International Company, manufacturing Insulated Metal Wall and Roof Cladding for the Construction Market, requires a SALES MANAGER for its Jeddah Manufacturing facility. Applicants, with at least 4 years' related experience and a technical degree, must speak English (Arabic also desired) and be willing to travel throughout the Middle East. Excellent salary and benefits offered.

Forward applications to:
MR. RAYMOND, P.O. Box 5835, JEDDAH SAUDI ARABIA.
Tel: 6364884/6443531/6443328, Tlx: 400765 SAWAT SJ.

ATTRACTIVE ACCOMODATIONS

IN ALKHOBAR?
LOOK NO FURTHER!

FAHMI BASRAWI APARTMENTS

WELL LOCATED RESIDENTIAL AREA NEXT TO ALKHOBAR'S WATER TOWER AND PUBLIC SWEET WATER SUPPLY CENTRE WITHIN WALKING DISTANCE OF THE BUSINESS AND SHOPPING DISTRICT. JUST 20 MINUTES DRIVE FROM DHAHRAH AIRPORT OR DAMMAM.

YOUR CHOICE OF:

- FOUR, 2-ROOM UNITS (47 SQ. M.)
- THIRTY-SIX, 1-ROOM UNITS (28 SQ. M.)

WHAT YOU GET:

ALL UNITS WITH TINTED GLASS WINDOWS, AIRCONDITIONED, WALL TO WALL CARPETING, TELEPHONE, BUILT IN CUPBOARDS, FULLY FITTED TILED BATHROOMS AND KITCHENETTE WITH COOKING, REFRIGERATION EQUIPMENT AND STORAGE FACILITIES. PARKING PROBLEMS SOLVED WITH BASEMENT CARPARK. BLOCK BOOKINGS BY COMPANIES PREFERRED. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT: FAHMI BASRAWI P.O. BOX 865 ALKHOBAR, SAUDI ARABIA TELEPHONE: 8642217

BETTER DATA COMMUNICATIONS WITH MEMOREX

- Model 2078 Display Station (Functionally interchangeable with the IBM 3278)
- Model 2087 Matrix Printer (Completely compatible with the entire IBM 3270 family)
- Model 2076 Remote Cluster Controller (Functionally equivalent to the controller portion of the IBM 3276) Memorex Communication Tools, with many additional features, interface with IBM Systems 360, 370, 43XX and 309X.

Put Memorex Communication tools to work for you.

For better communications, contact:

SES
SAUDI COMPUTER SERVICES

Authorised Memorex
Distributor

Jeddah, Tel: 6448880 - 6448531
ext. 1160 & 1216, P.O. Box 1935.
Riyadh, Tel: 4764088 - 4764094
ext. 626, P.O. Box 611.



MEMOREX

